T-1-CR-2002001238 and T-1-CR-2002001239

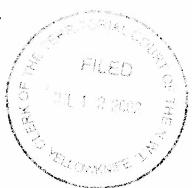
## IN THE TERRITORIAL COURT OF THE NORTHWEST TERRITORIES

## IN THE MATTER OF:

HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN

- and -

JALNA CAPOT BLANC



Transcript of the Reasons for Sentence delivered by The Honourable Judge R.M. Bourassa, sitting in Yellowknife, in the Northwest Territories, on the 11th day of June, A.D. 2002.

## APPEARANCES:

Ms. S. Smallwood:

Counsel for the Crown

Mr. G. Boyd:

Counsel for the Defendant

(Charges under s. 145(3), 267(a), 264.1(1) of the Criminal Code of Canada)

THE COURT: The accused has pleaded guilty to three charges: assault causing bodily harm, uttering death threats, and breach of recognizance.

The accused has a long prior criminal history going back to 1989, which most importantly in terms of sentencing, includes many convictions for acts of violence, and within that grouping, convictions for acts of violence against women.

The accused has been convicted of robbery, aggravated assault, uttering threats.

The circumstances have been described by the Crown with respect to this particular assault with a weapon, and I'm not going to go through and repeat them. Suffice to say that it was a brutal beating. A beating. An assertion of power over another person, violently. It can't be described as anything else. It was a beating.

The Victim Impact Statement has of course been noted. I don't understand the law to state that the reaction of a victim to a crime must influence the penalty for that conduct. Were that to be the case, then if someone was unperturbed by an assault, presumably counsel could argue for a more lenient sentence. However, I read the Victim Impact Statement as a person's reaction to this kind of beating that is probably not atypical of what happens to many women who are beaten like this.

In this particular case, the event so frightened the woman, terrified her, intimidated her, that she required hospitalization in the psychiatric ward for a period of time. She clearly, thoroughly, and completely believed he is capable of killing her and that he was going to kill her.

Again, I underline that while the Victim Impact

Statement -- I don't understand the law to be that it

can justify a more serious sentence. It certainly

underlines the importance of sentencing in a

meaningful way.

The accused came to Yellowknife hardly from a clean situation. He's facing charges in Alberta. I don't know which community. He's facing charges there; four charges. On a recognizance, which included keep the peace and be of good behaviour, he comes to Yellowknife and is involved in these offences.

I take into account that he's pleaded guilty.

That is the only mitigating factor I can see that is before me. I have to take into account totality as well. The uttering death threats and the assault with a weapon are inextricably intertwined. The breach of recognizance is something that is totally separate.

This kind of conduct has to be condemned.

I'm not optimistic that anything this court does is going to change the accused's conduct, but the

public has to know that this kind of conduct will be 1 condemned and it's unacceptable totally and 2 absolutely. 3 In dealing with the two items, although, theoretically speaking, they probably should both be 5 dealt with consecutively, in allocating what I think 6 is within the appropriate range given the circumstances of the offender, one easily obtains a 8 9 sentence in excess of two years. I'm reluctant to impose a sentence with respect to the assault with a 10 weapon -- to reduce it, to make it a totally 11 inappropriate sentence, because I don't want it 12 understood or hinted or intimated that this kind of 13 matter is anything less than the most serious. So 14 what I am going to do to achieve the principles of 15 16 sentencing, particularly totality, recognizing the 17 position of the Crown and defence, is I am going to 18 make them concurrent. 19 Stand up, please, Mr. Capot Blanc. Anything you 20 want to say? 21 THE WITNESS: (Negative, non-verbal response). 22 THE COURT: On the charge of assault with a

THE COURT: On the charge of assault with a
weapon, seventeen months in custody. On the charge of
breach of recognizance, four months concurrent. There
will be a DNA order.

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7	Jane Romanowich, CSR(A), RPR Court Reporter
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