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IN THE TERRITORIAL COURT OF THE NORTHWEST TERRITORIES

IN THE MATTER:

HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN

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DAVID MARTIN HEHN

Transcript of Proceedings of an Oral Judgment given by His Honour Judge T. B. DAVIS, sitting at Fort Liard in the Northwest Territories on Wednesday, April 4, A.D. 1984.

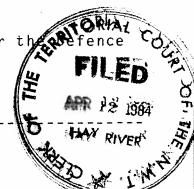
APPEARANCES:

MR. J. SUTTON

Counsel for the Crown

MRS. C. WALKER

Counsel for th



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THE COURT: Mr. David Martin Hehn has entered a plea of guilty to a charge of stealing property from Mary Bossenmaier of a value in excess of \$200 between the 29th of July and the 3rd of August, 1983, when he accepted two buffalo hides from her along with the funds for the tanning of the hides and, then, did not return the buffalo hides to her from a business that he was operating, therefore, violating Section 294(a) of the Criminal Code.

Since the time of receiving the money and the hides, the accused had sold the hides to other persons but has now repaid those persons who purchased the hides when he received them back from the purchasers; and he has arranged through the R.C.M.P. to deliver the hides to the informant, Mary Bossenmaier, so that all persons who were involved with the matter have been compensated or restitution has been made

In trying to determine the proper sentence to be imposed for any offence under the Criminal Code, the Crown must consider the protection of the public and, therefore, must impose the type of penalty that will deter both the accused and others from committing offences. There is, however, a special Section of the Criminal Code which says that under certain conditions, even for serious offences, the Court may consider, if it is in the best interests of the accused and not contrary to the public interest, instead of convicting the accused, order that the accused be discharged absolutely or upon conditions. The cases have allowed the Courts to take into consideration special circumstances when it has been



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shown that it is likely that the public would understand and accept the lenient approach by the Court to allow a person not to have a criminal record if in doing so it would have more serious results than otherwise and if the accused has proven himself to be entitled to special consideration by the Courts through his past and his background.

Crown Counsel has, I think, has fairly and properly presented to the Court the attitude of the Crown on behalf of Her Majesty The Queen and said that the Crown would not be seriously opposed to the granting of a conditional discharge to this particular accused who, through his solicitor, has given information to the Court that he has been a good member of the communities in which he has lived in the past and that he has no other offence on any record whatso-She has also, as solicitor for the accused, through the evidence of the accused and a employee of the Government, advising on the outcome his employer what would be suitable for the accused, indicated that the accused has had a job that he has developed into a career and now has been transferred by the Northern Affairs Department for which he works and had temporarily been suspended as a result of being charged with this offence.

Possibilities of adverse and extreme results of the offence have been explained to the Court very properly by the enquiring Officer on behalf of the Government who must now make recommendations as to what penalty should be imposed by the Government or what further action should be considered

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There is a possibility that the accused can be given some form of warning or a demerit point but may even have a recommendation for his discharge resulting from this offence.

In this instance, it would seem that a discharge from employment for a person who has been involved with one offence and one only could therefore be considered by this Court as being an extreme and adverse affect on both the accused and contrary to the best interests of the public.

The accused has also indicated that he has been very embarrased by his involvement with this offence, and he has apologized and tried to make good the loss of other people by paying compensation and making restitution.

His involvements in the communities in the past indicates that he has participated in administrative functions and chairman of various committees and presidents and vice-presidents of various sports of sports organizations so that it has impressed the Court that possibly in this instance the accused has suffered enough by having to appear before the Court.

On that basis, on the basis that it appears that it may not be contrary to the public interest, I am going to today instead of convicting the accused consider a conditional discharge so that if the accused then obeys the direction of the Court on the conditions that are set, at the end of the term during which the conditions must be met, there will be no record outstanding against the accused.

The Court does act in this way on various



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occasions on special circumstances, and I think the accused has proven through his attendance in court today and through his solicitor's submissions and by his background that he is deserving of this special consideration. I do, however, feel s that so that all persons, both the accused and others, know that offences must not be committed, I am still going to require that the accused perform some community service work which is similar to what he has done in the past by participating in functions and actions that are of a benefit to the community; and that will be his form of public payment for an offence rather than having a criminal record or rather than paying a fine.

In that particular way, I am going to make the discharge conditional upon the accused performing 100 hours community service work to be performed within a period of--at this time, I will take the recommendation from the accused through his lawyer to determine how long it might be that he would require before he could perform 100 hours of community service work because that would depend, therefore, on the length of the probation period.

21 MRS. WALKER: Sir, can I also speak with Social Services to see what the programs are because quite often they need to give input as to how long it takes to find 100 hours of community service work.

THE COURT: It might be that, of course, if the accused is not going to be in this location, then he would be in a somewhat different situation than he finds himself in.

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MRS. WALKER:

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I believe the Social Service people from Fort Simpson are here. Can I just take a minute to speak with

THE COURT:

Sure.

It appears, sir, that Social Services in MRS. WALKER:

Fort Simpson could find 15 hours of community service work a week, and Mr. Hehn has also indicated that he could manage 15 hours--I'm sorry--a month--that he could manage 15 hours of community service a month--15 to 20 hours a month.

Could the accused perform 20 hours a month,

then?

THE COURT:

12 MR. HEHN:

13 THE COURT:

All depends on the fire season, sir.

Community service work--for the information

of the accused and others present--community service work is any work that a person performs on behalf of the community or on behalf of somebody within the community and does not get paid for it. So it could include such things as cutting wood for elderly people who otherwise would have difficulty doing it, and it can mean participating in the supervision of sports events or participating in any public functions, an employee without pay to organize or arrange for any activity that is being carried out by anybody within the community; and ordinarily, in the work itself, to locate and do it is the responst ibility of that person who is directed to do it. The Probation Officers and the community service workers are not required to provide the work, but the accused person himself or the probationer is the one who is responsible for finding and



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doing the work; but it then must be done to the satisfaction of and to be assured to have been completed by the records of the Probation Officer.

So in this instance, knowing that the accused has participated in many activities in the past and probably can involve himself very quickly in doing something on behalf of the community, I will take the recommendation of his Counsel as to how long he requires in order to perform that amount; and that is why I have explained it in a little more detail than usual.

You think six months would be sufficient,

then?

13 MRS. WALKER:

I believe so, sir.

14 THE COURT:

COURT: All right, then, 100 hours community service work to be performed within a period of six months to the satisfaction of the Probation Officer. Upon completion of that work, the Probation Order will be in effect for a sixmonth period; and if that work is complied with, then the discharge will become absolute.

Do you understand that, Mr. Hehn?

21 MR. HEHN:

Yes, I do, sir.

22 THE COURT:

COURT: I also would be prepared to have the transcript of my findings or, if need be, the findings and the transcript of the entire proceedings available to Mr. Boutet who has given by idence here. If he wishes to have the same, you can contact the Clerk of the Court. I would ask for a transcript of the decision in this matter for our purposes as

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well so that Mr. Boutet will know that I have considered this as a special situation and do recommend a fair and lenient consideration be given to this particular accused who has proven to me that he is deserving of that consideration.

Certified a Correct Transcript:

Margaret Andrumat

Margaret Andruniak Court Reporter