IN THE TERRITORIAL COURT OF THE NORTHWEST TERRITORIES

IN THE MATTER OF:

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HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN

- and -

JOHN ISAAC KALINEK

Transcript of the Oral Reasons for Sentence delivered by His Honour Judge R. M. Bourassa, sitting at Yellow-knife, in the Northwest Territories, on Tuesday, August 25, A.D. 1987.

APPEARANCES:

MS. N. BOILLAT

On behalf of the

MR. R. C. REHN

On behalf of the Defence

YELLOWKNIFE

(Charges under Sections 306(1)(b), 237(b), 295, and 312(1)(a) of the Criminal Code of Canada)

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I will deal with the break and enter firstly. THE COURT: have no hesitation in stating that were we in Nova Scotia, Ontario, or Edmonton, I think Mr. Kalinek would be going to the penitentiary, and if not the penitentiary, he would at least be sentenced to two years less a day, given the facts before me. For some reason, one reason or another which I am unable to find in any reported decision, the penalty for break, enter and theft in the Northwest Territories seems to be on a lower plane or lower scale than in southern There are arguments, I suppose, both ways why that is: some say it is because most of the break and enters are "pop and chips"--that is to say, insignificant thefts such as in this case, four cigarettes, a can of tobacco, and a bottle of gin and whisky--others say it is because the sense of property isn't fully developed. Whatever it is, I think It is fair to observe that the penalties for break, enter and theft are lower in the Northwest Territories.

This break, enter and theft, notwithstanding the fact that it was just two bottles of liquor and some cigarettes that were stolen, in my view is a despicable, terrible break and enter. The accused must have obviously known that the two occupants were blind. He smashed his way in, simply helped himself to what he wanted in the presence of the two blind, elderly men. When one of them squeaked in protest and said he was going to phone the police, this accused rips the phone away or rips the phone out of the wall. I can appreciate that those two elderly, blind men must have been

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very frightened. It is not before me whether they knew who they were dealing with or not. If they knew who they were dealing with, I can appreciate their terror, given that this accused has been convicted of assault causing bodily harm, assault, possession of a weapon dangerous to the public peace, assault, assault, aggravated assault with intent to resist arrest, dangerous use of a firearm, assault again, and assault again in 1981. Of course, I don't know, it's not before me that they knew. Regardless of whether they knew who was there or not, the circumstances that have been described to me by the Crown are enough in my view to generate fear or terror, especially in the hearts of two elderly, blind men.

The break and enter is cynical to the extreme.

The accused exploited their disability, exploited their weaknesses in the pursuit of his desire to be intoxicated. I notice that the problem with respect to alcohol is reflected in the accused's criminal record, particularly in 1985: for example, he was given 16 months imprisonment, and it must have been shortly after his release in Inuvik and he is convicted again of driving with over 80 milligrams of alcohol in his blood. No message seems to get through to this individual. This Court is going to state to Mr. Kalinek that this kind of conduct is unacceptable.

With respect to the drinking and driving, there can be no argument with the Crown's position. There is a minimal term of imprisonment required given the previous

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convictions and notice of intention.

The possession of stolen property doesn't amount to much; although, one can't condone it or be seen to condone it.

Stand up, please, Mr. Kalinek. On the charge of break, enter and theft, there will be a term of imprisonment of 14 months. On the charge of over 80 milligrams of alcohol in your blood, there will be a term of imprisonment of three months consecutive. On the charge of possession of stolen property, three months concurrent. I confirm that I've taken into account that you have pleaded guilty, as well as the submissions made by your Defence counsel, and I am taking totality into account.

MS. BOILLAT: The driving prohibition, your Honour?

THE COURT: Prohibition from driving for three years from this date.

MR. REHN: Your Honour, I am advised by my client he does not have a driver's licence.

THE COURT: Well, you'll explain to him he is even further in jeopardy now should he be apprehended on his release for drinking and driving, or even simply driving.

MR. REHN: Certainly, sir.

(AT WHICH TIME THIS MATTER WAS CONCLUDED.)

R. M. Wourassa, Judge Territorial Court of the

Northwest Territories

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