Abbott v. HMTQ, 2015 NWTSC 8 S-1-CR-2012-000092

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE NORTHWEST TERRITORIES

BETWEEN:

BRIAN ABBOTT

Appellant

- and -

HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN

Respondent

Transcript of the Reasons for Sentence (re Appeal from Sentence) delivered by The Honourable Justice K. Shaner, in Yellowknife, in the Northwest Territories, on August 18, 2014.

## APPEARANCES:

The Appellant: Appearing on his own behalf

Ms. J. Scott: Counsel on behalf of the Respondent

Charges under s. 78 Fisheries Act x 4

1		Brian Abbott and Her Majesty the Queen
2		August 18, 2014 - Yellowknife
3		Reasons for Sentence of Justice K. Shaner
4		re Appeal from Sentence
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6		
7	THE	COURT: I have had an opportunity to
8	,	consider your submissions, both of you. The
9		question that is before me, as I emphasized
10	,	earlier, is whether to impose the sentence that
11		is proposed by the Crown, which was initially a
12		joint submission, or to uphold the sentence of
13		Judge Schmaltz, or, thirdly, to impose another
14		sentence that I craft myself based on what I have
15	j	heard.
16		The original joint submission was a global
17		fine for four counts under the Fisheries Act:
18	;	namely, failing to accurately and completely keep
19	,	commercial harvest log books; secondly, operating
20	,	an unregistered fishing vessel used for
21		commercial fishing; thirdly, fishing in areas
22		closed to commercial fishing; and fourth, not
23	]	having nets properly marked.
24		In addition to the global fine of \$3,000, it
25	,	was also proposed that Mr. Abbott serve a
26	]	probationary term for six months and that he
27	1	perform 40 hours of community service work; that

he be required to keep log books with respect to his fishing activities in a certain way; that he report at certain intervals to the fisheries authorities; and finally, that he issue a public apology.

During submissions today, and I agree with this, the Crown indicated that the need for a public apology has largely been obviated given the media attention that this case has garnered. The purpose of the apology was to explain to the public and have some sort of public acknowledgement of what had happened, and that has already occurred without the need for a public apology. So I agree with the Crown that certainly that component of the original joint submission should not be imposed.

When this appeal was first heard there were, basically, two matters that were brought up on appeal: the first was that Mr. Abbott wanted to withdraw the guilty pleas he had entered; and the second was that he wanted to appeal from sentence. The appeal was dismissed with respect to the withdrawal of the guilty pleas but allowed on a limited basis with respect to the sentence. And when I say "on a limited basis", I invited counsel and Mr. Abbott to provide submissions on those concerns that the sentencing judge had

raised, namely, whether the sentence that was proposed in the joint submission would meet the goals of denunciation and deterrence, whether it met the goal of parity, and the circumstances under which the Crown and the defence lawyer at the time came to that agreement. Those reasons are recorded at 2014 NWTSC 30.

I cannot do anything about the convictions.

I have ruled on the request to withdraw the guilty pleas, and I have denied that, so I am now what is called functus on that point.

With respect to the sentence, however, I agree that what was in the joint submission should largely be restored. This is based on what I heard about what went into the joint submission and the considerations that the Crown had in crafting that sentence and proposing it.

Sentencing is, of course, a highly individualized process. No two cases are the same; no two individuals are the same. And so while the Court must pay attention to parity in the sense that similar infractions and crimes should attract similar sentences, it is key that we keep that to similarity and not require that sentences be identical, because if that was the case then we could not meet the need to individualize our sentencing processes.

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I also agree that what is proposed by the Crown largely meets the primary goals of deterrence and denunciation in this case, particularly in light of Mr. Abbott's circumstances.

Based on what I heard from him in the appeal and the inferences that I have drawn from your submissions today, Mr. Abbott is a very hard working man who is of modest means, who works hard for his money, but who also committed an infraction under the Fisheries Act — in fact, committed four infractions to which he pleaded guilty. So in my view, it is appropriate that there be a fine of \$3,000 imposed globally in consideration of all four counts to which Mr. Abbott pled guilty.

With respect to the issue of probation, I am not convinced, based on what I have heard, that probation is necessary in order to meet the goals of denunciation and deterrence. In my view, a \$3,000 fine is a very large fine. I think it is a significant amount of money for most people. I think it is a significant amount of money for Mr. Abbott. And I think that that, in and of itself, is punitive, and to impose probation on top of it would be unnecessary for either the purposes of driving home the point to Mr. Abbott or driving

home the point to the general public. Mr. Abbott is not a danger to the public. He does not need to be watched. Moreover, the new requirements under the Fisheries Act with respect to the requirement to keep log books and report on those log books every two weeks in my view largely obviates the need for probation.

As well, that new requirement obviates the need to have Mr. Abbott do any more reporting.

In the event that fisheries officials are not satisfied with what he reports on every two weeks, it is certainly open to Fisheries (and I am certain that they will) to follow up on any shortcomings they perceive in his record-keeping.

Finally, for the same reasons that I do not think probation would serve any purpose and would be overly punitive, I do not think that 40 hours of community service is going to serve any purpose either. Mr. Abbott is self-employed and all it will do is take away, essentially, what most of us would consider a work week from him in which he could be earning a living, and, accordingly, I think it would introduce an additional and unnecessary financial penalty to him.

Accordingly, the sentence that will be imposed is a fine of \$3,000, globally, in respect

Τ		to the four counts under the Fisheries Act that i						
2		mentioned	earlier to	which Mr.	Abbott pl	.ed		
3		guilty.						
4		Is th	ere anythi	ng else?				
5	THE	ACCUSED:	Т	he value of	the fish	1.		
6	THE	COURT:	Т	he value of	the fish	ı is		
7		something	that I fac	tored in.	The value	e of the		
8		fish is no	t somethin	g That h	ıas been f	actored		
9		in already	with resp	ect to the	amount of	the		
10		fine.						
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