R. v. Colton, 2013 NWTSC 41 S-1-CR-2012-000131

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE NORTHWEST TERRITORIES IN THE MATTER OF:

HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN

- v -

## NICHOLAS COLTON

Transcript of the Reasons for Sentence delivered by The Honourable Justice K. M. Shaner, in Inuvik, in the Northwest Territories, on the 9th day of April, 2013.

## APPEARANCES:

Mr. K. Onyskevitch: Counsel on behalf of the Crown

Mr. S. Petitpas: Counsel on behalf of the Accused

Charge under s. 348(1)(a) C.C.

1	THE	COURT: Defence counsel, Mr. Petitpas,
2		confirms that Mr. Colton was advised of the
3		consequences of his plea and that he has
4		complied, as a lawyer, with the provisions of
5		section 606 of the Criminal Code, and I am
6		satisfied that the plea of guilty that Mr. Colton
7		submitted this morning was made voluntarily.
8		Crown and defence made a joint submission
9		for a conditional sentence of nine months,
10		followed by 12 months of probation. I agree with
11		the joint submission. I agree that that is an
12		appropriate sentence in the circumstances. I am
13		going to expand upon my reasons for that
14		presently.
15		Mr. Colton is 23 years old. He is
16		Inuvialuit and European by heritage. He was born
17		and raised in Inuvik. He has no criminal record.
18		The circumstances of the offence are that he
19		entered a business premises with two other
20		individuals. They used a crowbar to gain entry.
21		Mr. Colton stole 13 or 14 telephones. He was
22		arrested shortly thereafter and upon being
23		arrested, he admitted to what he had done.
24		Net of insurance proceeds, the business
25		itself is out about \$8,000 in damages.
26		The principles and objects of sentencing are
27		set out in the Criminal Code. The objects of

sentencing include rehabilitation, as well as denunciation and deterrence. The overarching principle of sentencing in the Criminal Code is proportionality, in other words, the sentence has to fit the crime.

There are other principles, however, that
the Court must bear in mind. When imposing a
sentence, it must take into account aggravating
and mitigating circumstances. I find that there
is nothing aggravating in this case, and I do
find it mitigating that Mr. Colton readily
admitted what he had done upon arrest and that he
has pleaded guilty here today.

There are also the principles of parity which I will address and which Mr. Onyskevitch set out as an issue in this case, and the principle of restraint, which means that the sentence should not be any more harsh than is absolutely needed in the circumstances to attain the objects of sentencing.

Finally, there is what we call the Gladue principle, and that is that courts are required to take into account the circumstances of an aboriginal offender in determining what sentence is suitable and, in particular, to determine whether there are alternatives to incarceration that can be imposed and which will still be

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effective. The reason for that is that we have in this country a significant overrepresentation in our prisons of aboriginal offenders for a variety of reasons.

Crafting a sentence that is going to meet all of these principles and objects requires that the Court address each case individually and that the Court takes a good, long look at the circumstances of the offence and the circumstances of the offender and comes up with a sentence that will achieve those goals within the parameters of the law of sentencing.

In my view, as I indicated earlier, the sentence that was proposed, that being a nine month conditional sentence order or house arrest, coupled with 12 months of probation, handily meets the principles and objectives of sentencing that are set out in the Criminal Code. There was a presentence report that was filed and it was extremely helpful in shedding light on what an appropriate sentence should be with respect to Mr. Colton, the circumstances of the offence, and Mr. Colton's background and present circumstances.

Mr. Colton indicated in his interviews for the presentence report that he accepts responsibility for what he did and he knows what

he did was wrong, and that carries a lot of weight in determining whether a conditional sentence order is going to serve a rehabilitative purpose.

Property crimes are serious. Even though there might not be physical injury to somebody, they are very serious in the stress and damage that they cause. In this case they can slow the ability of a business to do business. They have financial consequences. Often, the victims of those crimes are left to pick up the pieces, which requires a significant investment of time and energy as well as an investment of financial resources on their end.

This is a case of a crime that seems to stem from bad choices by Mr. Colton.

Some view conditional sentences as perhaps lighter or not as harsh as a jail sentence, but in many ways a conditional sentence is far more difficult than a jail sentence. A conditional sentence imposes significant restrictions on personal freedoms. A person who is the subject of a conditional sentence order has to have permission to do those things that the rest of us take for granted - buying groceries, going to the post office, going out to the video store to get a video.

In addition to imposing those restrictions,
unlike jail where inmates are directed for the
most part in virtually all aspects of their life
- when to get up, when to eat, and what programs
to attend - a person who is subject to a
conditional sentence order has to make choices
for themselves and some of those choices have to
do with compliance. If the right choice is not
made, then there are consequences.

Since, as I indicated, this crime was about bad choices and since Mr. Colton recognizes that he made bad choices, I think a conditional sentence that requires him to make choices on his own will assist him in his rehabilitation.

The other thing about a conditional sentence order is that unlike incarceration, there is no remission and there is no enhanced time off. In other words, you have to serve the entire nine months as opposed to someone who is incarcerated who will only have to serve a portion of that time, subject to certain exceptions. The conditions that are proposed here in the joint submission are very, very restrictive.

I think as well that the proposed sentence also serves the principle of restraint and the principles in Gladue and Ipeelee. It was noted earlier that Mr. Colton had a very good

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1	upbringing and comes from a very good family, and
2	he was not subject to the horrors of residential
3	school and it does not appear that he lived in a
4	home that was adversely affected by residential
5	schools. However, I think the very fact that he
6	is aboriginal means that as a judge I need to
7	take that into account because, as I indicated
8	earlier, the whole purpose of 718.2(e) is to
9	address the significant overrepresentation of
10	aboriginal people in our prisons, so I do take
11	that into account in considering whether a
12	conditional sentence order, as opposed to a
13	period of incarceration, is appropriate. And I
14	do find that it is appropriate.
15	I am going to impose a conditional sentence
16	order, followed by probation.
17	Mr. Colton, can you please stand.
18	I sentence you to a period of house arrest,
19	a conditional sentence order of a period of nine
20	months commencing today. That will be followed
21	by a period of probation of 12 months.

22 Do you understand --

THE ACCUSED: Yes.

24 THE COURT: -- this sentence? Yes?

25 Sorry.

26 THE ACCUSED: Yes.

Thank you. You can sit down

1 and I am going to explain what the terms of that 2 will be.

The conditional sentence order will run from today until January 9th, 2014. From today until April 16th, 2013, or earlier if that is the case, you will reside at 25 Dolphin Street in Inuvik, Northwest Territories. After April 16th, 2013, or earlier, if you return to Yellowknife earlier, and until the conditional sentence order expires on January 9th, 2014, you will reside at number 35009 - 47th Street, Yellowknife, Northwest Territories. You will inform your sentence supervisor in advance of when you are leaving Inuvik for Yellowknife.

During the term of the conditional sentence order, you will be subject to all of the mandatory statutory requirements that are set out in the Criminal Code. As well, you will be subject to the following:

You will be required to appear in court as required;

You will report to the probation supervisor or his or her designate within four days of today's date by telephone;

You will remain in the Northwest Territories unless you have permission in writing from the probation supervisor or their designate to leave

1	for required medical or dental treatment;
2	You will have no contact with Bernard
3	MacNeil, you will have no contact with Haji
4	Descalzo Ferland, and you will have no contact
5	with Angus Elias;
6	You will not be within ten meters of the
7	business premises of the entity known as Arctic
8	Digital Ltd.;
9	You will perform 90 hours of community
10	service work at the rate of not less than ten
11	hours per month as directed and approved by your
12	sentence or probation supervisor or their
13	designate;
14	You will not leave your residential premises
15	either in Inuvik or Yellowknife except for the
16	following purposes:
17	To attend court as required;
18	To perform community service work;
19	To attend personal business and then only on
20	Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, from 11 a.m.
21	until 1 p.m.;
22	To go to work;
23	To go to a job interview or screening
24	process;
25	For a medical emergency;
26	To attend a spiritual service;
2.7	Or to attend a meeting with your sentence or

1	probation supervisor or their designate.
2	You will need to obtain prior permission
3	from your sentence supervisor to leave for any of
4	these reasons, except in the case of a medical
5	emergency in which case you must advise that
6	sentence supervisor as soon as possible and as
7	soon as you are able to do so.
8	During the term of the conditional sentence
9	order, you will have to present yourself at the
10	door of your residence to a peace officer or
11	sentencing supervisor or their designate as
12	required.
13	Commencing January 10th, 2014, and
14	continuing until January 9th, 2015, you will be
15	on probation. The terms of the probation order,
16	in addition to the statutory terms that are set
17	out in the Criminal Code, will be these:
18	You will report to a probation officer
19	within four days of January 10th, 2014, and then
20	as directed by that probation officer;
21	You will remain in the Northwest Territories
22	unless you obtain prior permission to leave from

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of any change in your name, address, or

You will attend in court as required;

You will keep the probation officer advised

your probation officer;

occupation;

1	You will have no contact with Bernard
2	McNeely, Angus Elias, or Haji Ferland;
3	You will do 60 hours of community service
4	work at a rate of not less than five hours a
5	month as directed and approved by your probation
6	officer;
7	And you will not be within 50 meters of the
8	business premises known as Arctic Digital Ltd.
9	In addition to the conditional sentence
10	order and the probation order, there will also be
11	a restitution order that will require you to pay
12	\$2,666.67 to Arctic Digital Ltd.
13	Now, you will have to figure out how you are
14	going to pay that and you may want to consider a
15	payment plan for it, because the effect of a
16	restitution order is that it becomes a judgment
17	of the court and it can be enforced as a judgment
18	of the court through garnishee of wages or other
19	proceeds that might be coming to you.
20	There will be no victim of crime surcharge.
21	Given that this is a secondary designated
22	offence, the imposition of an order requiring Mr.
23	Colton to provide a DNA sample is discretionary
24	and then only on the application of the
25	prosecutor. The prosecutor has not made that
26	application in this case.

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Now Mr. Colton, there will be some paperwork

- 1 that you will have to sign and so I will ask that
- 2 you make contact with the clerk here just as soon
- 3 as we are finished these proceedings this
- 4 afternoon so that you can sign that paperwork and
- 5 have it explained to you.
- Is there anything else?
- 7 MR. ONYSKEVITCH: Your Honour, simply there is a
- 8 stand alone restitution order, and as a stand
- 9 alone restitution order I wonder if there needs
- 10 to be a date that it needs to be paid by before
- it becomes enforceable.
- 12 THE COURT: What are you proposing for a
- 13 date?
- MR. ONYSKEVITCH: I don't know, Your Honour, I'm
- 15 certainly in the Court and my friend's hands. I
- 16 just note that the other restitution order was
- imposed on the 28th, or the, yes, the 28th of
- 18 December -- the 28th of September, 2012, with a
- due date of September 27th, 2014. Again, I leave
- it to the Court and to my friend as to when
- 21 restitution is to be paid by or if in this
- 22 jurisdiction restitution orders, when they are
- 23 stand alone, have due dates.
- 24 THE COURT: All right. Mr. Petitpas, do
- 25 you wish to have a provision in the order that
- 26 enforcement, that there be an opportunity for
- 27 your client to pay the restitution order before

- 1 it becomes enforceable?
- 2 MR. PETITPAS: Based on his personal
- 3 circumstances that may be a moot point, Your
- 4 Honour. He doesn't have much in assets. The
- 5 defence would have no objection that it be
- 6 enforceable immediately if that is, if that's the
- 7 preference of the Court and the Crown.
- 8 Alternatively, perhaps a period of six months
- 9 might be appropriate.
- 10 THE COURT: The other restitution order
- 11 was with respect to both -- those were the other
- 12 two restitution orders, Mr. Onyskevitch, for Mr.
- 13 Elias and Mr. Ferland?
- 14 MR. ONYSKEVITCH: Your Honour, I have a copy of
- the restitution order of Mr. Ferland. I imagine
- there is a restitution order for Mr. Elias but I
- don't have a copy of it.
- 18 THE COURT: All right. In the
- 19 circumstances and given what I heard about Mr.
- 20 Colton's circumstances and the principle of
- 21 parity, I think it would be fair to provide Mr.
- 22 Colton with the same amount of time to try and
- pay that order before it becomes enforceable by
- 24 way of writ of execution.
- That order will include a provision that it
- is payable within two years of today's date, so
- 27 April the 9th, 2015, failing which steps can be

- 1 taken to enforce it.
- 2 MR. ONYSKEVITCH: Thank you, Your Honour.
- 3 THE COURT: Is there anything else?
- 4 MR. PETITPAS: Just one item, Your Honour.
- 5 In the probation order you mention that he is not
- to be within I believe it was -- was it 50 meters
- 7 from Arctic Digital?
- 8 THE COURT: That what was I had down in my
- 9 notes as the submission from counsel on the joint
- 10 submission.
- 11 MR. PETITPAS: Okay.
- 12 MR. ONYSKEVITCH: My apologies, Your Honour. I
- misspoke. It was to be ten, the same as the
- 14 distance during the conditional sentence order.
- 15 THE COURT: All right.
- MR. ONYSKEVITCH: And also while on my feet,
- 17 Your Honour, one other issue that escaped my
- 18 attention. There was, finally, the issue of Mr.
- 19 Colton's travel from Inuvik to Yellowknife and
- there would be need I think for one further
- 21 allowance for him to be out of his house and
- 22 perhaps that can be simply with the approval of
- 23 his supervisor for the purposes of travelling
- from Inuvik to Yellowknife.
- 25 THE COURT: I believe I did put that in
- 26 the order, that he is to inform the sentence
- 27 supervisor in advance of when he is leaving to

- 1 move to Yellowknife.
- 2 MR. ONYSKEVITCH: Thank you, Your Honour. My
- 3 apologies, I failed to note that.
- 4 THE COURT: So you want in both the
- 5 conditional sentence order and in the probation
- order a provision that he is not to be within ten
- 7 meters of the premises of the business known as
- 8 Arctic Digital Ltd.
- 9 MR. ONYSKEVITCH: Yes, Your Honour.
- 10 THE COURT: So if you can amend my earlier
- 11 dictation, Mr. Clerk. Thank you.
- 12 Is there anything else? Ma'am, do you have
- something you need to say?
- 14 THE PROBATION OFFICER: I'm Beverly Arey with Inuvik
- 15 Probation Services.
- 16 THE COURT: Yes.
- 17 THE PROBATION OFFICER: On one of the conditions on
- 18 the conditional sentence order it says to report
- 19 by telephone. May we also add "or in person as
- 20 directed"?
- 21 THE COURT: Do have you any objection to
- that, Mr. Onyskevitch?
- 23 MR. ONYSKEVITCH: Nothing from the Crown, Your
- Honour.
- MR. PETITPAS: No, Your Honour.
- 26 THE COURT: So that can be amended to
- 27 report by telephone or in person.

- 1 THE PROBATION OFFICER: And also the curfew, "to
- present yourself at the door or by telephone",
- 3 because at times we do phone our clients that are
- 4 on curfew checks. Not at all given times we
- 5 conduct our curfew checks in person, so if he can
- 6 present himself to the door or to the telephone.
- 7 THE COURT: Mr. Onyskevitch, this is
- 8 highly unusual that we hear submissions from
- 9 Probation directly. Do you have any concerns
- 10 with that?
- 11 MR. ONYSKEVITCH: I have no concerns, Your
- 12 Honour. If I might have a brief indulgence, I
- can canvass any other concerns Probation may have
- 14 and relay them to the Court.
- 15 THE COURT: All right. I just indicate
- this is very unusual. This is work that should
- be done beforehand.
- 18 MR. ONYSKEVITCH: Yes. My apologies, Your
- 19 Honour.
- 20 MR. PETITPAS: If I might just have a brief
- 21 indulgence with my friend.
- MR. ONYSKEVITCH: My apologies, Your Honour. If
- I might have the indulgence to canvass with
- 24 Probation any other concerns. My apologies again
- for that, Your Honour.
- 26 THE COURT: All right. How long do you
- think you need?

- 1 MR. ONYSKEVITCH: One minute.
- 2 THE COURT: Okay, why don't we just sit
- 3 and you can just...
- 4 MR. ONYSKEVITCH: Thank you, Your Honour.
- 5 Thank you for that, Your Honour. The only
- issue that Probation has is that on occasion, as
- 7 was indicated, they do curfew checks by phone so
- 8 that they present themselves either at the door
- 9 or by phone.
- 10 THE COURT: All right. Then amend that
- 11 provision -- or sorry, we will include a
- 12 provision in the conditional sentence order that
- Mr. Colton will present himself at the door or on
- 14 the telephone as required by a peace officer or
- sentencing probation supervisor or designate as
- required. So that means, Mr. Colton, that if the
- 17 probation supervisor telephones you, makes a
- 18 phone call to your home to see if you are there,
- 19 then you have to answer the phone, but if they
- come in person then you go to the door.
- 21 MR. PETITPAS: Your Honour, this just came up
- during the sentencing of Mr. Colton. He advises
- 23 me that there may be monetary issues of getting
- 24 back to Yellowknife by April the 16th. He's
- wondering if the date can be amended to some time
- at the beginning of May, the first working day in
- 27 May, perhaps by I believe it would be May 2nd,

-	L	the first Monday in May, if he may have that
2	2	extension over to May instead of April 16th. He
(	3	tells me, he just told me that he might have a
4	1	problem travelling back to Yellowknife by next
ı	ō	April 16 which is Tuesday.
(	5 Т	HE COURT: Well other than the fact that

he has a residence in Yellowknife and he has a residence here where he can stay, is there any issue about where exactly he is? I am just concerned that that issue is not going to resolve itself by May. If you are not able to resolve it by April, I do not know what a further two weeks would do so it might be better to just leave that open, because it is a term of the order that he is residing at either one of those places and that he has to advise his sentence supervisor prior to moving from Inuvik to Yellowknife.

I will hear from you, Mr. Onyskevitch.

MR. ONYSKEVITCH: Your Honour, the Crown has no issue with either an extension or advising his sentence supervisor. Perhaps, and this is not necessary nor was it something discussed between Crown and defence, what could be done here is order that Mr. Colton is to reside at 25 Dolphin Street subject to the terms and conditions that were listed, or any other residence approved of in writing by his supervisor subject to those 

1		same terms and conditions. This would then
2		allow, should there be an issue in Yellowknife
3		with number 35009, rather than coming back to
4		court, reporting to his supervisor, gaining his
5		or her permission, and then relocating on those
6		same terms and conditions, but I leave that to
7		Your Honour.
8	THE	COURT: Mr. Petitpas, is that
9		satisfactory to you?
10	MR.	PETITPAS: Yes.
11	THE	COURT: That sounds like a better
12		solution.
13		So Mr. Colton, that would mean that you are
14		to stay at 25 Dolphin Street; and if you decide
15		to move to Yellowknife, you will have to get the
16		place where you are living and permission to
17		leave approved by the sentence supervisor or
18		probation officer as the case may be. Do you
19		understand that?
20	THE	ACCUSED: Yes.
21	THE	COURT: All right. But you do not
22		have to do it by April 16th.
23		So the conditional sentence order will say

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that from today Mr. Colton will reside at 25

Dolphin Street, Inuvik, Northwest Territories;

and should he choose to move to another location

in the Northwest Territories, he must advise the

1		sentence superviso	r or his or her designate and
2		obtain the approva	l of the residence from the
3		sentence superviso	r or his or her designate prior
4		to moving to the o	ther location.
5		Just for clar	ity, when I have used "sentence
6		supervisor" or "pr	obation officer", I have used
7		those interchangea	bly because depending on where
8		you are there may	be a different term.
9		Is there anyt	hing else?
10	MR.	ONYSKEVITCH:	Not from the Crown, no, Your
11		Honour. Thank you	
12	THE	COURT:	Mr. Petitpas?
13	MR.	PETITPAS:	No, Your Honour, thank you.
14	THE	COURT:	Ms. Arey?
15	THE	PROBATION OFFICER:	No.
16	THE	COURT:	Thank you for bringing those
17		matters to the Cou	rt's attention, Ms. Arey.
18		Thank you, Mr	. Colton.
19			
20			
21			Certified to be a true and accurate transcript pursuant
22			to Rule 723 and 724 of the Supreme Court Rules of Court.
23			Supreme Court Nutes of Court.
24			
25			Annette Wright, RPR, CSR(A) Court Reporter
26			Court Meborner
27			