R. v. Isaiah, 2010 NWTSC 11-2 S-1-CR-2009-000011

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE NORTHWEST TERRITORIES
IN THE MATTER OF:

HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN

- v -

EDWIN ISAIAH

Transcript of the Ruling pursuant to s. 486.2(1) delivered by The Honourable Justice L. Charbonneau, in Fort Simpson, in the Northwest Territories, on the 2nd day of February, 2010.

APPEARANCES:

Mr. J. MacFarlane: Counsel on behalf of the Crown

Mr. D. Rideout: Counsel on behalf of the Accused

Charge under s. 271 C.C.

Ban on Publication of Complainant/Witness Pursuant to Section 486.4 of the Criminal Code

- 1 THE COURT: The Crown applies, pursuant to
- 2 section 486.2(1) of the Criminal Code, to use a
- 3 screen during the evidence of the complainant at
- 4 this trial.
- 5 The complainant's date of birth is May 26,
- 6 1992. She is 17 years old.
- 7 Provisions have existed for a number of
- 8 years in the Criminal Code dealing with
- 9 testimonial aids. Those provisions did not
- 10 always read the way they do today. But
- 11 Parliament has chosen to amend the provisions a
- 12 few years ago, and a stronger direction has been
- 13 given to the Court, and less discretion, in cases
- that involve witnesses who are under 18 years of
- age. It is instructive to compare the tests that
- are applicable when the witness is under 18 with
- the test applicable when the witness is over 18.
- 18 I think it is a fairly significant distinction in
- the context of this application.
- 20 So what the Criminal Code says is that in
- 21 proceedings involving a witness under the age of
- 18, on application of the prosecutor,
- 23 ... the court shall order that the
- 24 witness testify ... behind a screen
- or other device that would allow the
- 26 witness not to see the accused,
- 27 unless the judge or justice is of

1	the opinion that the orderwould
2	interfere with the proper
3	administration of justice.
4	Whereas the second paragraph which deals with
5	other situations says,
6	in any proceedings against an
7	accused, the judge may, on
8	application of the prosecutor or a
9	witness, order that the witness
10	testify behind a screen or other
11	device that would allow the witness
12	not to see the accused if the judge
13	or justice is of the opinion that
14	the order is necessary to obtain a
15	full and candid account from the
16	witness of the acts complained of.
17	So the test is obviously very different when a
18	witness is under the age 18 from when a witness
19	is over 18.
20	When the witness is under 18, I am obligated
21	to make the order unless I am satisfied that to
22	do so would interfere with the proper
23	administration of justice.

The defence is opposed to the order being
made and points out that the witness is 17 years
old, very close to the top end of the age range
that this provision applies to. He also points

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1	out that there is nothing to suggest that there
2	is a trust relationship or a relationship of
3	authority between the complainant and the
4	accused. He also points to the risk of the jury
5	forming the wrong impression, or draw erroneous,
6	prejudicial conclusions if they see that a screen
7	is being used to prevent the witness from seeing
8	the accused.
9	The paragraph that I am governed by,
10	486.2(1), does not distinguish between very young
11	witnesses and witnesses who are approaching 18.
12	Parliament had to draw the line somewhere and it
13	has drawn it at 18. The test applies if the
14	person is under that age, no matter what age they
15	are.
16	The factors that are put forward by defence
17	counsel (age, nature of the relationship between
18	the witness and the accused) are relevant when
19	applications are brought under 486.2(2). But

nothing in the provisions suggests that those are

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21	relevantto	applications	brought under	· paragrap
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- (1). So the fact that Parliament had chosen to
- identify these factors as part of what will be
- considered to decide if the device is needed to
- obtain a full and candid account of the witness,
- but does not refer to them as part of the other
- test, again reinforces the notion in my mind that

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- the test under 486.2(1) is to be very strict and
- 2 it is only in very narrow circumstances that the
- 3 order will not be made when a witness is under
- 4 18.
- 5 Now the concern about the impact that the
- 6 device might have because this is a jury trial,
- 7 and I think defence counsel fairly acknowledged
- 8 that yesterday during submissions, would apply in
- 9 any jury trial. Parliament could have devised a
- special legislative scheme to deal with jury
- trials or devise a different test to address that
- concern, but it has not.
- 13 In this case I do not have any evidence, nor
- any tangible reason other than the fact this is
- a jury trial to conclude that the use of the
- screen would interfere with the proper

17	administration of justice. In my view there is
18	no basis upon which I can draw that conclusion,
19	and so I will grant the Crown's application.
20	To hopefully alleviate the concerns
21	expressed by defence counsel, I will instruct the
22	jury in my charge about what using this device
23	means and what it does not mean. In fact, I will
24	also be giving them an instruction immediately
25	before the start of the evidence so that they do
26	not start forming opinions or hypotheses or
27	improper conclusions when they see the device

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1	being set up.
2	So I am allowing this application.
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5	Certified to be a true and accurate transcript pursuant
6	to Rule 723 and 724 of the Supreme Court Rules of Court.
7	Supreme court rules of court.
8	
9	Annette Wright, RPR, CSR(A) Court Reporter
10	Court Reporter
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