R. v. Young, 2010 NWTSC 18

S-1-CR2009000012

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE NORTHWEST TERRITORIES

IN THE MATTER OF:

HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN

- vs. -

## REGINALD YOUNG

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Transcript of the Reasons for Sentence by The Honourable Justice D. M. Cooper, at Hay River in the Northwest Territories, on March 1st A.D., 2010.

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## APPEARANCES:

Mr. M. Lecorre: Counsel for the Crown

Mr. N. Homberg: Counsel for the Accused

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Charge under s. 5(1) Controlled Drugs and Substances Act

Official Court Reporters

1 THE COURT: The accused stands convicted, after a trial by Judge alone, of having trafficked in a controlled substance, namely cocaine, and for this the penalty can be up to 5 life imprisonment. The Crown asks that the Court impose a denunciatory sentence of approximately 13 months in that the circumstances of the case at bar, and of the accused, are similar to those in R. v. Simpson 2008 NWTSC 92, a previous 9 10 decision of this Court; in fact, one which I have 11 rendered. The defendant asks the Court to consider imposing a sentence that is less 12 13 restrictive having reference to the provisions of Section 718.2 of the Criminal Code. 14 I have previously set out the facts in this 15 case in some detail in the reasons for judgment 16 17 that I delivered earlier today and so will not 18 review those facts at any length. In short, I 19 found the accused guilty of having sold 20 approximately 1.2 grams of cocaine to another 21 person for the sum of \$200. 22 In terms of personal circumstances, the 23 accused is a 43-year-old Metis man who is 2.4 currently unemployed but who, defence counsel 25 advises, works as a fisherman during summer 26 months. He is living in a common-law

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relationship and his partner is one month

pregnant. He has struggled with alcohol
addiction but has been sober the past few years.

He has a modest criminal record although, of
note, with no related convictions. The last
conviction occurred in 2007 where the accused was
convicted of impaired driving and two offences
for failing to attend court. The previous minor
convictions are in excess of 20 years old.

In the Northwest Territories, Courts have consistently said that the offence of trafficking in "hard drugs", like cocaine, calls for a denunciatory and deterrent sentence and one that offers protection to the public such as in the case here.

The drug trade is a scourge which damages communities and destroys lives. Those who engage in this enterprise do so at their own risk.

While I note that the accused is of Metis heritage, I have not heard of any systemic factors which could or should lead me to consider a restorative type sentence.

Having reference to Section 718.2 and
Section 10(2) of the Controlled Drugs and
Substances Act, I find that none of the
aggravating factors listed in those sections
apply in this case. However, I can see no
mitigating factors either.

There was, from the accused, no expression of remorse and he did not plead guilty. He was entitled to have his trial, and this is not aggravating in itself, but he does not get the benefit of mitigation of sentence for having pleaded guilty.

The circumstances were very similar to those in the Simpson case. Both accused were trafficking in a gram, or a little more than a gram, of cocaine; both were middle-aged; both had minor criminal and unrelated records; and both went to trial. One minor distinction is that in Simpson the accused was offering to traffic, offering to sell and was convicted of trafficking, whereas here an actual transaction occurred. It was suggested in the Simpson case that offering to sell is to be treated more leniently than actually selling of cocaine, or of drugs, but this is particularly the case where what is being offered for sale is not a real drug but rather an imitation. However, there is some authority to suggest that offering to sell is not as serious, to be treated as seriously as actual selling.

One of the principles of sentencing, which counsel have referred to, is that similar sentences are to be imposed upon similar

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offenders in similar circumstances. Having reference to that principle and the facts in this case and the personal circumstances of the accused, I am going to sentence this accused to 13 months imprisonment. I recommend that the authorities give consideration to the accused serving his sentence in the South Mackenzie Correctional Centre.

Given the circumstances of the accused, his age, I am not inclined to make a probation order in this case. It will be for the accused to decide if he is going to turn himself around and stay away from this kind of activity. And I am sure that should he wish to obtain counselling, he can do so without having to be ordered to do so by the Court.

There will be a Section 109 firearms prohibition order which will remain in force for ten years starting from the date that Mr. Young is released from custody.

With respect to the DNA order requested by the Crown, other than the accused having a minor and unrelated record and the fact that this is a serious offence, there appears to be, to me, no rationale for making this order. Such an order would out of necessity intrude upon the privacy of the individual. If due to the seriousness of

the offence I was required to make the order,

then Parliament would have prescribed it to be

mandatory. Given the nature of this offence and

the record of the accused, I am not convinced

that it is appropriate that I make this order in

the circumstances and I exercise my discretion to

I wish to thank counsel for the

decline to do so.

- representations with respect to the potential for 9 10 avoiding forfeiture of the money held, being the 11 proceeds of crime held by the RCMP, and taking at 12 least some of that and applying it to the victims 13 of crime surcharge. While I appreciate the 14 ingenuity of counsel, I am not persuaded that it would be appropriate in the circumstances to take 15 16 this route and therefore I will simply order that 17 the exhibits, including the cash and the drugs --18 the drugs be destroyed and the cash be forfeit to 19 the Queen upon the expiration of the appeal 20 period.
- Is there anything else, counsel?
- 22 MR. LECORRE: No, Your Honour.
- MR. HOMBERG: No, Your Honour.
- 24 THE COURT: All right, I would like to
- 25 thank you both for the very professional manner
- 26 that you handled yourselves in this case. And as
- 27 always, I would like to thank the court staff.

Τ	Madam Clerk.	
2	THE COURT CLERK:	Order, all rise.
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