Stewart v. Vittrekwa, 2007 NWTSC 96 S-1-FM-2007-000113

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE NORTHWEST TERRITORIES

IN THE MATTER OF:

CHERYL LISA STEWART

- v -

## GARRY ERNEST VITTREKWA

Transcript of the Emergency Protection Order Review held by The Honourable Justice L.A. Charbonneau, sitting in Yellowknife, in the Northwest Territories, on the 8th day of November, A.D. 2007.

## APPEARANCES:

(No representation): For the Applicant

(No representation): For the Respondent

1	THE	COURT: Madam Clerk, may I have the
2		file, please.
3		Mr. Sheriff, would you call Cheryl Lisa
4		Stewart and Garry Ernest Vittrekwa.
5	THE	SHERIFF: No response, Your Honour.
6	THE	COURT: No response. Thank you,
7		Mr. Sheriff.
8		This matter was scheduled this afternoon for
9		a review hearing under the Protection Against
10		Family Violence Act. An Emergency Protection
11		Order was issued on September 8th, 2007. It was
12		reviewed by this court as a matter of course, as
13		all Emergency Protection Orders have to be
14		reviewed, and that review took place on the 14th
15		of September, 2007. At that time I directed that
16		there be a hearing on this matter because I was
17		not satisfied that there was evidence before the
18		designated Justice of the Peace to support the
19		granting of the order, and the hearing was
20		scheduled for October 11th, 2007.
21		On October 11th, neither the Applicant nor
22		the Respondent had been served, and, under the
23		act, they have to be served when a review hearing
24		is ordered. So on that date, I rescheduled the
25		review hearing for today's date and again
26		directed that every effort be made to serve the

parties.

I have reviewed the file and it shows that the Applicant, Ms. Stewart, was served with a notice of today's review hearing. She is not here today and there is nothing on the court file that shows that she has made any attempt to contact the Court. It did come out during the Emergency Protection Order hearing that she was eight months pregnant, and she may well have had -- in fact, I would expect she would have had her baby by now. But she was served and it does not appear that she, or anyone on her behalf, made any attempt to seek an adjournment of this hearing or seek leave to appear by phone or communicate with the Court in any other way. There is a photocopy on file of an Affidavit of Attempted Service on the Respondent, Mr. Vittrekwa. It appears to show that attempts were made to serve him in Fort McPherson and that

Yellowknife have failed.

The order was made on September 8th. It was made for 90 days. It is going to expire a month from now. I am uncertain that adjourning this hearing further would achieve much because it is far from clear that the parties could be served;

information was received that he might be in

Yellowknife; but the attempts to serve him in

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hearing for three weeks, which would probably be the minimum, which would provide a reasonable opportunity for service, then it would essentially be moot because by the time we would have the hearing, the order would almost be expired.

> I have decided that I will proceed with the review today because the Applicant has been served. The Respondent has not. But in light of the materials that I have and what I have to base my decision on, I do not think the Respondent can suffer any prejudice from not being here today because I have concluded that the order should be revoked. So the fact that he has not been served is not going to affect his rights because the net result is that he will no longer be bound by this order. So, for the record, I will just go over briefly my reasons for reaching the conclusion I have.

> As I said, there was a hearing before a Justice of the Peace which led to the issuance of this Emergency Protection Order. The Applicant testified under oath at that hearing, and she described an incident that happened in September where the Respondent, she says, struck her on the arm, leaving a small bruise. This occurred,

apparently, as the two of them -- and they are

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common-law spouses. The two of them were having an argument about the use of the vehicle. And she testified that there was a small child who was present when this happened. She also testified about certain earlier incidents of violence during the course of the relationship. So I am satisfied there was, on a balance of probabilities, sufficient evidence before the Justice of the Peace to conclude that family violence had occurred. But in order to grant an application for an Emergency Protection Order, the Justice of the Peace has to be satisfied of more than that. The Justice of the Peace also has to be satisfied on a balance of probabilities that by reason of seriousness or urgency, the order should be made without delay to ensure the protection of the Applicant.

The Applicant testified that after the incident where the Respondent hit her, she was afraid he might come back to her house and possibly kick in the door. She was worried that because they had had an argument, he might go out drinking and cause her further problems. But her evidence also was that at the time of these events he had been living at another residence; he was not living with her. She also said he was not intoxicated on the day the incident happened.

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There was no evidence before the Justice of the

Peace that there was any kind of a recent pattern

of the Respondent consuming alcohol after

arguments or returning to the residence of the

Applicant to cause problems or to cause damages.

There was no evidence that he made any threats to

her. She testified that he said he would take

the house and the truck, but he did not make any

other threats. Nor had he made threats to her in

the past.

I have no doubt that as a result of what happened that day, the Applicant was fearful. This is evidenced by the fact that she went to sleep at a friend's house that night. But the question that the Justice of the Peace had to answer was not simply whether the Applicant was afraid but whether there was evidence showing on a balance of probabilities that the situation was sufficiently serious or urgent to warrant the issuing of this ex parte Emergency Protection Order.

Any instance of family violence obviously is serious, and any family violence that takes place in front of a child is even more serious.

Nothing I say as part of this matter is intended to minimize the seriousness of family violence in general or the legitimacy of what the Applicant

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1 felt after what happened that day in September. But the transcript of the hearing shows that even 2 the Justice of the Peace who heard the 3 application struggled with whether the order should be issued or not. She asked many questions to probe the Applicant on the question of urgency and the reasons why the Applicant thought the Respondent would carry on and cause her more problems. In the end, she did issue the 9 order, but she did not articulate any reasons for 10 11 finding that the situation was of such an urgency 12 that the order was required. I have reviewed the transcript of the hearing carefully, and on the 13 14 basis of the evidence that was before the Justice of the Peace, I cannot say that there was 15 16 sufficient evidence to establish on a balance of probabilities that there was the kind of urgency 17 or seriousness that is required to warrant the 18 granting of one of these orders. 19 20 I also note that one of the reasons why the

I also note that one of the reasons why the Applicant sought the order for the maximum period of 90 days was that she believed that by then the Respondent would probably have moved away from her community because he had applied for a job in Yellowknife. And as I have already said, from the materials on the Court file, it appears as though this may be what happened. It was not

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1	possible to serve the Respondent in
2	Fort McPherson, and those attempting to serve him
3	there were apparently told he was now living in
4	Yellowknife. And, of course, the order has now
5	been in force for two months. So the possibility
6	of a continuation of problems stemming from that
7	September incident is more removed now than it
8	may have been when the order was made. But in
9	any event, given my finding that there was not
10	sufficient evidence before the Justice of the
11	Peace to justify making this Emergency Protection
12	Order, it is my duty, pursuant to Section 9(d) of
13	the act, to revoke the order that was made and
14	this is what I am doing now. I hereby revoke
15	that Emergency Protection Order. I am going to
16	ask the clerk to prepare the necessary documents
17	to show that. The Applicant and the Respondent
18	should both be served with today's order.
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22	Certified Pursuant to Rule 723 of the Rules of Court
23	of the Rules of Court
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25	Jane Romanowich, CSR(A), RPR
26	Court Reporter
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