R. v. Bilodeau, 2003 NWTSC 9 S-1-CR-2002000089

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE NORTHWEST TERRITORIES IN THE MATTER OF:

HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN

ADRIAN BILODEAU

Transcript of the Reasons for Sentence delivered by The Honourable Justice J.Z. Vertes, in Yellowknife, in the Northwest Territories, on the 19th day of February, A.D. 2003.

APPEARANCES:

Ms. B. Schmaltz:

Counsel for the Crown

Mr. H. Latimer:

Counsel for the Defence

Charge under s. 267(b) C.C.

THE COURT: I want to thank both counsel for the efforts they have put in to presenting the joint submission that they did.

The accused has pleaded guilty to a charge of assault causing bodily harm. I said during counsel submissions and I will repeat it now, that, looking at the facts of this case and looking at the record of the accused, I would have no hesitation in imposing a lengthy jail sentence for this offence. My initial inclination was to do so.

The joint submission when I first heard it, that being a joint submission which would result in a further period of six months' incarceration, even when I take into account the time spent in custody, at first blush I would consider that inadequate. having heard all of the submissions of counsel and having regard in particular to what I consider the mitigating effect of a guilty plea which, whenever it comes during the course of the proceedings, is worthy of serious credit; and when I consider the value of a joint submission in any case, when counsel, who obviously know the case far better than a judge does, are able to resolve things among themselves, and the importance of both counsel and accused being able to make decisions on some sort of reasonable assurance that a joint submission is likely to be accepted; on those bases, I think there is justification for the

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submission that has been made to me.

The most important thing, of course, is to ask oneself whether the joint submission is a reasonable one, or is it so unreasonable as to be contrary to the interests of justice? I cannot say that. While, as I say, I may have been inclined at first blush to impose a far more severe sentence, I think under all of the circumstances the joint submission can be said to be within the bounds of reasonableness and I will accept it.

In this case the assault to which the accused pleaded guilty was a particularly violent one. It was a beating occurring late at night. The victim was intoxicated. The victim suffered severe and, no doubt, lasting injuries.

The accused has a record dating back to 1987 of some two dozen convictions, some of which, and many of the recent ones, being also for assault. As Crown counsel has said, all types of sentencing options have been tried in the past and therefore rehabilitation is now very much a secondary factor.

The accused is 34 years old. He is planning to stay in Yellowknife. He has employment prospects or, at least from what I am told, he is employable. He certainly has the strong support of his family. All I can say is that he should be very grateful for that and he should take advantage of that.

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I considered seriously the question of a further period of probation after his incarceration. Crown counsel says that there does not seem to be much point in imposing probation because it has been tried before and it has not worked. With respect, I am not certain that is necessarily a good enough reason not to impose probation, and particularly in this case where it is obvious to me that the accused requires some sort of outside control, if for nothing else than to assist him and aid him in reforming his life as he says he will try to do.

The joint submission is that a sentence of 20 months would be appropriate in all the circumstances. That is 20 months for this offence, but I must take into account time spent in pre-trial custody. The accused has been in custody for almost seven months. At the usual credit that would equate to 14 months. Therefore the joint submission is that I should impose a further term of incarceration of six months. I do so. The sentence will be one of six months' incarceration taking into account time spent in custody.

In addition, I will place the accused on probation for a period of one year starting from the date of his release. The conditions of that probation order are the usual statutory ones, that is, he is to keep the peace and be of good behaviour. He is to

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report to the court if and when required to do so.
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            is to report to a probation officer forthwith upon his
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            release and to continue to report as and when directed
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            by the probation officer. He is to participate in any
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            and all counselling or treatment programs that may be
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            recommended by the probation officer. He is
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            prohibited absolutely from the possession or
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            consumption of alcohol or non-prescription drugs
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            during the period of his probation. He is prohibited
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            absolutely from being in any licenced premises unless
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            it is for the purpose of having a meal. In other
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            words, Mr. Bilodeau, you are not allowed to be in the
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            Gold Range or any other bar in this town. Do you
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            understand?
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                                  (Non-verbal response).
        THE ACCUSED:
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                                  He is to seek and maintain
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        THE COURT:
            employment. He is to have no contact directly or
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            indirectly with Peter Ellsworth.
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                 Are there any other conditions that counsel think
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            may be appropriate in these circumstances? Ms.
            Schmaltz.
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        MS. SCHMALTZ:
                                  No, sir.
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                                  Mr. Latimer.
        THE COURT:
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        MR. LATIMER:
                                  No, I believe that covers it,
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            Your Honour.
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                                  I have considered Mr. Latimer's
        THE COURT:
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            submissions with respect to Mr. Bilodeau's professed
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desire to aid or compensate the victim in this case in
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            some manner. I agree with Crown counsel that it is
            not really the appropriate situation for a restitution
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            order because the economic losses suffered by the
            victim in this case are not quantifiable, so I will
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            not make any formal restitution order. But I will say
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            this. If it is something that Mr. Bilodeau feels is
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            necessary to soothe his conscience and perhaps
            something that he feels is morally responsible to do,
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            then I will not stop him from doing it. He can do so
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            voluntarily. All I will say is that if he does so he
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            should do so through the offices of his counsel,
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            through Mr. Latimer. I'm sure, Mr. Latimer, you can
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            make whatever arrangements are necessary with the
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            victim if indeed Mr. Bilodeau does provide any funds
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            to you.
                                  Yes, Your Honour.
        MR. LATIMER:
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        THE COURT:
                                  That's not part of any order,
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            those are just my comments.
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                 Anything else, Ms. Schmaltz?
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        MS. SCHMALTZ:
                                 A firearms prohibition, sir?
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        THE COURT:
                                 Is it a ten-year mandatory?
                                 I believe it is, sir.
        MS. SCHMALTZ:
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                                 Any comment on that, Mr. Latimer?
        THE COURT:
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                                 No, Your Honour.
        MR. LATIMER:
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        THE COURT:
                                  Very well, there will be the
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            required prohibition order for a period of ten years
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            prohibiting the accused from having in his possession
            any firearms or ammunition.
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        MS. SCHMALTZ:
                                 I'm assuming Mr. Bilodeau has
            none now or, if he does, is there a time for disposal?
        THE COURT:
                                 Do you have any firearms,
            Mr. Bilodeau?
        THE ACCUSED:
                                 No.
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        MR. LATIMER:
                                 No, he doesn't have any in his
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            possession. He indicated that he already had a
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            firearm prohibition.
        THE COURT:
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                                 I see.
        MR. LATIMER:
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                                 Would this then be concurrent
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            with the other previous one?
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        THE COURT:
                                 I think this one would start from
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           the date of his release and last for a further ten
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            years.
        MR. LATIMER:
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                                 All right.
        THE COURT:
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                                 If at some point in the future he
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            requires some exemption from that restriction, then
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            there are mechanisms by which he can apply for an
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            exemption.
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        MR. LATIMER:
                                 Yes. As long as it's not delayed
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            then.
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        THE COURT:
                                 Thank you, counsel.
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            Mr. Bilodeau, I wish you luck for the future.
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        THE ACCUSED:
                                 Thank you.
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MS. SCHMALTZ:

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I will say, sir, the Crown will

1	stay Count number 2 on the Indictment and I will
2	provide Madam Clerk with a copy of that. And the
3	victim of crime surcharge?
4	THE COURT: I will not impose any surcharge
5	under the circumstances. Thank you.
6	Thank you Mr. Latimer, Ms. Schmaltz.
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9	Certified pursuant to Practice Direction #20 dated December 18,
10	1987.
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12	Annette Wright, RPR, CSR(A)
13	Court Reporter
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