Peel v Coldwell Banker, 2002 NWTSC 53 S-1-CV-2002000184

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE NORTHWEST TERRITORIES

IN THE MATTER OF:

MICHAEL PEEL

Plaintiff

- and -

COLDWELL BANKER NORTHERN BESTSELLERS and THE CITY OF YELLOWKNIFE

Defendants

Transcript of the Oral Decision delivered by The Honourable Justice C.S. Brooker, sitting in Yellowknife, in the Northwest Territories, on the 2nd day of August, A.D. 2002.

APPEARANCES:

Mr. M. Peel:

For himself

Mr. G. Malakoe:

Counsel for the Defendant, Northern Best Sellers Ltd.

Mr. G. Phillips:

Counsel for CK Holdings Ltd.

Ms. S. Kay:

Counsel for the Defendant,

City of Yellowknife

THE COURT: This is my decision on the Plaintiff's Notice of Motion which has been brought before me.

It is important to note that the relief you are seeking by way of this Notice of Motion is quite specific, Mr. Peel. You drafted the Notice of Motion, and you know what I am talking about there. You have asked for certain things from the Court.

I should tell you, as well, that a number of the things that you are seeking are somewhat technical under the law, and I appreciate that you are not a lawyer, but my obligation is to apply the law. I am obliged to.

In your Notice of Motion, you are seeking a stay of proceedings on the transfer of title to Lot 4, Block 539, Plan 2094, in the City of Yellowknife - from now on, I'll just call it "the lands" or "Lot 4" - pending the outcome of the Statement of Claim filed. In other words, how I interpret that is you want the transfer of title stopped until such time as the Court can rule on your action. The second thing you want is that a hold be put on the property, Lot 4, to prevent any development or improvements "that may cause me further damages," and that, in effect, is an application for injunction.

The basic outline of the facts as I determine them from the affidavit evidence that has been filed,

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and which appears to be uncontradicted in any significant way, is that the Plaintiff was desirous of purchasing Lot 4. He obtained certain forms from the City, and then approached Marie Coe, of Northern Best Sellers Ltd., on the 10th or the 11th of June of this year. She's a realtor.

Mr. Peel provided Miss Coe with a signed
Agreement for Sale, dated the 11th of June, and,
indeed, provided it to her on that date, and then the
next day he provided her with two certified cheques,
one being the required deposit, the other being a
security deposit, I think is how it is described.
And, indeed, it is my recollection and Miss Coe
actually attended at Mr. Peel's work site to obtain
those cheques because the original cheques that
Mr. Peel had provided were in the wrong amount or
something.

In paragraph 11 of her affidavit, Miss Coe deposes that she explained to Mr. Peel that the offer which he had prepared could not be taken to the City until she had received the cheques, and she also explained, she says, to Mr. Peel that it was important that they get the offer and the cheques to the City as soon as possible to ensure that another offer was not accepted before Mr. Peel's. Or "ours", as she described it.

She deposes that she also explained to Mr. Peel

that the offer was not accepted until the representatives from the City signed the offer on page 7.

On June the 11th -- sorry. On June the 12th, I think it is, she had, then, the two cheques in the correct sum and three signed copies of the document which she calls an Offer to Purchase. It is the same document that was obtained from the City by Mr. Peel. She says that she gave the file to her office administrator to "process". I don't know what is meant by that particular term "process".

It is also clear on the facts that Northern Best Sellers Ltd., with whom Miss Coe worked, had been retained as the City's realtor for the purposes of providing real estate sales and marketing services, including services with respect to the property which I think is called -- the property development which is called Kam Lake, of which Lot 4 is a part.

According to the affidavit evidence, there was at the same time another realtor in the Northern Best Sellers Ltd. office who was also trying to sell Lot 4. As Mr. Peel said in his argument, that other prospective purchaser was CK Holdings Ltd., who had been trying to purchase the property under - I gather from the submissions made - a variety of financial scenarios.

CK Holdings Ltd. came up with a cash offer to buy

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the property, and I am satisfied from the wording of the affidavit of Miss Coe that the cash offer came up after -- I should say that for the purpose of this application, I am satisfied that the cash offer came up after Mr. Peel's offer had been received in the offices of Northern Best Sellers Ltd. I may not be entirely clear, but that is the inference that I draw.

Northern Best Sellers Ltd. recommended that the City accept the CK Holdings offer over the Plaintiff's offer. CK's offer was a cash offer, as I have said, whereas Mr. Peel's offer was an offer to pay the price over a period of time.

It appears from the evidence that the City accepted Northern Best Sellers' advice or recommendation and sold the property to CK Holdings Ltd. I am not exactly sure from the evidence as to what date the CK Holdings Ltd. offer was accepted; but, in any event, it is clear from the record that the Plaintiff commenced his action against Coldwell Banker Northern Best Sellers and the City of Yellowknife by Statement of Claim issued June 20th, 2002. On that same day, the Plaintiff filed a Certificate of lis pendens against the title to Lot 4. And again on that same day, but obviously after the lis pendens was filed, title to the property was issued by the Registrar of Land Titles here in the Northwest Territories in the name of CK Holdings Ltd.,

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and the lis pendens is noted on the Certificate of Title, at the back with the encumbrances.

Now, with respect to the specific relief which Mr. Peel seeks in this application, it is my decision that it is too late to stay the transfer of title. That is the first thing you have sought. Title has already been transferred to the new purchaser, CK Holdings Ltd. And as I have said, however, I note that your lis pendens is noted on the back of the Title and thus the new Title was issued with that notation.

With respect to the second form of relief that you seek, which is the hold on development which you have asked for, in my opinion what you are seeking by the hold is, in reality, an interim injunction, and that raises two specific issues. Firstly, since you are seeking an injunction, or hold as you have described it, on development, you have to look at who you are seeking it against. And your Statement of Claim, the only parties who are involved legally at this stage are Coldwell Banker Northern Best Sellers and the City of Yellowknife. To the extent that you want to stop CK Holdings Ltd. itself from doing anything, they are not a party to this application and, thus, I would have no jurisdiction to make an order against someone who is not a party. To the extent that your application for an injunction or hold can be referenced to the City of Yellowknife, who is a Defendant and Respondent to the application, or to Coldwell Banker Northern Best Sellers, who is also a party to the action and a Respondent, I can clearly deal with that and have jurisdiction to deal with that.

Since it is an interim injunction application against those two parties, I have to apply the law as it relates to interim injunctions; and, indeed, it is a three-part test, as counsel have pointed out.

The first thing that you as the Applicant have to satisfy me on a balance of probabilities, Mr. Peel, is that there is a serious question to be tried. The second thing you have to satisfy me of is that there will be irreparable harm done to you if the injunction or hold is not granted, and the third thing you have to do is satisfy me on a balance of probabilities that the balance of convenience favours the granting of the injunction as opposed to not granting it.

Under the law, the first prong of the test - that is, the serious question to be tried - is not a very onerous test, and I am certainly prepared to find on the evidence before me that in this case there is a serious question or issue to be tried. So you satisfied me on the first prong. However, I am not satisfied on the other two parts of the test. For example, the evidence does not satisfy me that there

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will be irreparable harm to you if I do not impose the hold on the development in the manner in which you seek. I note that you do not oppose all development — or you do not seek an injunction against all development or improvement, only developments or improvements that "might cause him further damage" or "might cause you further damage". If any such development does, in fact, occur, I am satisfied it can be compensated for by money damages. Certainly nothing on the evidence that has been placed before me shows or proves that you will, in fact, suffer irreparable harm, which, by definition, cannot be compensated for in money damages if the injunction is not granted.

With respect to the balance-of-convenience prong, I find that it favours rejecting the injunction, or the hold as you described it. There is no evidence before me as to what type of development or when a development or improvements will take place. See, as I pointed out earlier on, CK Holdings at present has the title to the land. They are not a party to the action. They are not really a party to the application, although they are clearly represented here. Any hold or injunction, even if placed against the City, would affect CK Holdings Ltd., and, in the consequence of all of that, I am just not satisfied that the balance of convenience favours the granting

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1 of an injunction. Finally, although it is not necessarily determinative here, there is a wealth of authority that says a court should not grant an injunction 4 unless the person seeking the injunction has filed with the Court an undertaking to pay damages in the event he is ultimately unsuccessful. There is no such undertaking here. 8 0 For all of these reasons, I am obliged to dismiss your application for the relief that you seek in the Notice of Motion, and I do so. 1 (DISCUSSION) 12 THE COURT: With respect to Mr. Peel's de se motion, which I have dismissed, costs will be in the 14 cause. And that means, Mr. Peel, that the costs will 14 16 be determined when the trial is determined, essentially. It will follow the result of the trial. 17 100 14 20 Certified Pursuant to Rule 723 of the Rules of Court 21 23 Court Reporter 24 24 26 27