R. v. Firth, 2001 NWTSC 51

S-1-CR-2001/055

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE NORTHWEST TERRITORIES IN THE MATTER OF:

HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN

- v -

CHARLES STANLEY FIRTH

Transcript of the Reasons for Sentence (Oral) delivered by The Honourable Justice V.A. Schuler, in Yellowknife, in the Northwest Territories, on the 5th day of July, A.D. 2001.

APPEARANCES:

Ms. S. Bond:

Counsel for the Crown

Mr. R. Gorin:

Counsel for the Defence

Charge under s. 236(b) C.C.

THE COURT: Charles Stanley Firth has pleaded guilty to a charge of manslaughter.

Briefly stated, the facts are that he was drinking with others at the home of a friend in the Town of Inuvik. All parties were intoxicated. The deceased John Kalinek became belligerent and was threatening another person who was present. Mr. Firth intervened and stopped Mr. Kalinek from hitting that person. Mr. Kalinek subsequently assaulted Mr. Firth by kicking him in the face, causing his head to snap He tried to assault him again but Mr. Firth threw him to the floor. Mr. Firth, who was not wearing shoes at the time, then kicked and stomped on Mr. Kalinek until subsequently a third party intervened. Apparently all of this happened quickly. Mr. Kalinek was left on the floor and several hours later was noted to be dead. The autopsy indicated that the cause of death was blunt force trauma to the head which caused subdural bleeding and swelling of the brain.

Counsel have made a joint submission for a sentence of 32 months, which they have calculated by starting with a three-year sentence and then giving credit on a two-for-one basis for the almost two months that Mr. Firth has spent in remand on this charge. In assessing that joint submission, I have to consider whether the 32 months proposed is a fit and

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proper sentence in all the circumstances in the sense of being within the appropriate range for an offence of this nature.

I take into account that, based on the facts I have been presented with, the deceased was the aggressor. He started things off by assaulting another person and then by assaulting Mr. Firth.

There is an element of self-defence, but clearly what Mr. Firth did far exceeded lawful self-defence.

I take into account that there was alcohol involved. That does not excuse what Mr. Firth did, but it may help explain why or how he could overreact so extremely to the situation.

Mr. Firth waived his preliminary hearing and has pleaded guilty at an early opportunity, so I take that into account. It not only saves the time and expense of a trial, but I am sure has saved the family of the deceased the trauma of a trial and of having the matter unresolved for some time.

I take into account as well, as alluded to by counsel, the potential difficulty of a trial where some of the main witnesses are friends of the accused and were also intoxicated at the time of the event.

I also accept that the guilty plea is an expression of remorse and that it indicates that Mr. Firth is taking responsibility for what he did.

There is nothing remarkable about Mr. Firth's

personal circumstances. He is 34 years old. He is from Inuvik. He is single and has a five-year old daughter from a common-law relationship. He has worked mainly as a carpenter.

He does have a lengthy criminal record and, although much of it is unrelated to the charge before the court, I do have to take into account that he has seven assault convictions, five of which occurred within the last five years. I agree with defence counsel that going by the sentences imposed for those assaults, it is reasonable to conclude that they were not at the most serious end of the scale, although I do note that he did receive five months' jail on two of those assaults, which is not exactly a negligible sentence. I do not know of course if there was any remand time involved in those sentences.

When I look at the record and I see all those assaults over the last five years, and I now see that Mr. Firth has committed what I think we would call the ultimate assault really and killed someone, I have to say that I really hope, Mr. Firth, that you will give a lot of thought to this while you are in jail, because I would say at this point that you have crossed the line. I recognize how quickly you pleaded guilty and I recognize that you are sorry, and that no doubt you yourself are probably shocked and quite horrified at what you have done. But now you know

what you are capable of doing. It seems to me that you better take a good, hard look at your drinking and what you are going to do to make sure that this never happens again.

I do take into account the principles of sentencing. I take into account the importance of a deterrent sentence. Obviously the offence of manslaughter is considered a very serious one. The maximum punishment in the *Criminal Code* is life imprisonment.

I have not been referred to any specific cases by counsel, but I think it is correct to note that in the range of manslaughter offences there are cases which are at one end of the range or the scale, the lower end where clearly there is no intent to kill. There are then cases which are at the higher end and which come very close to being second degree murder. Those cases often involve a weapon in circumstances where there is an intent to kill within the legal definition of the term but manslaughter is appropriate because of provocation or other factors. In every case the specific facts and the degree of moral blameworthiness of the offender will be important.

In this case, I accept that the deceased Mr. Kalinek was assaulting Mr. Firth and that Mr. Firth initially was defending himself, trying to stop Mr. Kalinek, but clearly once he got him on the

1 ground he went too far. 2 In all the circumstances, in my view this case is 3 at the lower end of the wide range of manslaughter 4 circumstances that I am aware of that have come before 5 the court, and the sentence that is proposed, while perhaps at the lower end of the range, is within the 6 7 range. So I am prepared to accept the joint submission. 8 9 Stand, please, Mr. Firth. 10 Mr. Firth, after crediting the remand time, I 11 sentence you to 32 months in jail. There will be a 12 firearm prohibition order in the standard terms. 13 will commence today and it will expire ten years after 14 your release from imprisonment on this charge. 15 Does your client have any such items? 16 MR. GORIN: I don't believe so. 17 THE ACCUSED: No. No firearms? All right. Well then 18 THE COURT: 19 the order will simply say that any such items are to 20 be surrendered forthwith to the RCMP. 21 The victim of crime surcharge is waived. 22 And with respect to the DNA order, do you have a draft order? 23 24 MS. BOND: I do have a draft order, Your 25 Honour. I'll pass that up. 26 THE COURT: You can have a seat, Mr. Firth. 27 MS. BOND: If I can just make a comment with

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             respect to the firearms order. It's section 109(2)(a)
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             I believe that we're working under and there actually
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             are two aspects of the order; that is, that the
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             possession of firearm and a number of other items that
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             are enumerated there - crossbow, restricted weapon,
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             et cetera - the minimum duration of the order is ten
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             years. But then following that, paragraph (b) deals
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             with other items, that is, prohibited weapons,
             restricted firearms, et cetera, and the minimum there
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             is life. So I just wanted to clarify that because it
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             has come up as an issue in the past. There are sort
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             of two aspects identifying various types of weapons
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             and firearms, and that aspect of it ought to be for
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             life.
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        THE COURT:
                               Do you have anything you want to say
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             about that, Mr. Gorin?
        MR. GORIN:
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                               Not really, no.
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        THE COURT:
                               All right. Well then the order will
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            also include the term that the items listed in
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            subsection (2)(b) of section 109 be -- that Mr. Firth
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            be prohibited from possessing those items for life.
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        MS. BOND:
                               Thank you, Your Honour. I'll draft
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            the order.
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        THE COURT:
                              All right, that's fine.
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        MS. BOND:
                              And the DNA order.
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        THE COURT:
                               Do you have any concerns about the
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            order?
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	1	MR.	. GORIN:	No.
	2	THE	COURT:	All right. Well I'll take a look at
	3		it in chambers.	
	4		Is there any	thing further then that I've missed?
	5	MS.	BOND:	No, Your Honour.
	6	MR.	GORIN:	There was one issue about the letter
	7		that I referred t	to earlier but I think we can likely
	8		speak to that in	chambers. It's nothing important.
	9	THE	COURT:	All right. I had the clerk take a
	10		look for it but s	he wasn't able to find it.
	11	MR.	GORIN:	Yes. And, frankly, I thought that
	12		it had been sent.	When my friend had told me of a
	13		letter that had be	een sent, I don't know, it just shows
	14		the fleeting natu	re of memory or the constructive
	15		nature of memory.	I thought that I had.
	16	THE	COURT:	Maybe it's just your age, Mr. Gorin.
	17		I hate to say that	t but
	18		Thank you ver	ry much, counsel, and thank you for
	19		resolving the case	e so quickly.
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	21			Certified pursuant to Rule 723 of
	22			the Rules of Court
	23			
	24			
	25			- awright
	26			Annette Wright, RPR, CSR(A)
	27			Court Reporter