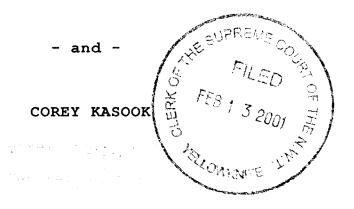
IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE NORTHWEST TERRITORIES

IN THE MATTER OF:

HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN



Transcript of the Reasons for Sentence delivered by The Honourable Justice J.Z. Vertes, sitting in Inuvik, in the Northwest Territories, on the 1st day of February, A.D. 2001.

APPEARANCES:

Ms. B. Schmaltz:

Counsel for the Crown

Mr. J. MacFarlane:

Counsel for the Defendant

(Charge under s. 271 of the Criminal Code)

Corey Kasook has entered a plea 1 THE COURT: of quilty to a charge of sexual assault. The plea came just before jury selection for his trial was due 3 to commence. Notwithstanding the lateness of the plea, I commend counsel for their efforts in resolving 5 6 this case without the necessity of a trial. only serves the administration of justice, but it has 7 spared the victim from having to go through what 8 undoubtedly would have been a highly traumatic 9

situation.

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The facts of the offence are relatively straightforward. The victim and offender are cousins. They were drinking one night, along with some others, at the victim's home. The victim went to sleep in her bedroom. She awoke to find the offender having sexual intercourse with her. As soon as she awoke, the offender left. The victim did not disclose this offence until some time later, fearing that there would be repercussions within the family.

This offence, unfortunately, is all too common.

It is a shameful act by a man who takes advantage of a vulnerable woman simply for his immediate gratification. I say "man", but in this case the offender appears to be barely more than a boy, being only 22 years old. The victim is 32 years old. Crown counsel quite rightly emphasized that this type of conduct must be treated harshly so as to deter the

accused and others from similar conduct and to denounce the shameful, violent behaviour that it represents. And I want to emphasize that intoxication is no excuse, either in law or in reality, for this type of offence.

As I said, the offender is only 22 years old. He has lived all his life in Inuvik. His parents have good standing in the community. The offender has only a grade eight education. He has a previous conviction for common assault in 1996 for which he was put on probation. He is currently serving a three-month sentence for offences committed while on bail for this offence. Apparently he has started some counselling programmes at the Yellowknife Correctional Centre.

The Criminal Code requires that I consider all available sanctions, other than imprisonment, that may be reasonable with particular attention being paid to the circumstances of aboriginal offenders. The offender here is an aboriginal person coming from a large family that still participates in traditional activities such as hunting on the land. While that certainly is a factor to consider, there were no particular submissions regarding any unique, systemic, or background factors which may have played a part in bringing this particular aboriginal offender before the Court, nor any submission as to a particular sanction that may be appropriate for this offender

because of his particular aboriginal heritage.

Unfortunately, in this case, as in many cases of crimes of personal violence, the question is not whether incarceration is the appropriate disposition but rather how long the offender needs to be incarcerated to give full effect to all the relevant sentencing principles.

Crown counsel has suggested a sentence of two to three years' incarceration, taking into consideration the mitigating effects of the guilty plea and the offender's young age. That is certainly a reasonable submission and would almost constitute, in most cases, a bare-minimum sentence. In this case, however, I am concerned that sending this offender to the penitentiary, while it would certainly serve the interests of deterrence and denunciation, would be quite harmful to any prospect of rehabilitation. I think all of the fundamental principles and objectives of sentencing can be best served by a maximum territorial sentence combined with a lengthy period of probation where he can receive the treatment, training, guidance, and supervision needed so that he can become a healthy and law-abiding member of this community.

Stand up, Mr. Kasook.

I hereby impose a sentence of two years less one day imprisonment with a recommendation that you serve

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that sentence at the Yellowknife Correctional Centre			
where you can continue any treatment programs already			
started. This sentence is concurrent to the sentence			
you are now serving. In addition, I direct that you			
be placed on probation after your release for a period			
of two years. The conditions of that probation will			
be as follows:			
8 (a) You are to keep the peace and be of good behaviour;			
(b) You are to report to this court when and if required to do so;			
11 (c) You are to report immediately to a probation officer and be under the supervision of a probation officer:			
probation officer; (d) You are to actively participate in any			
13 (d) You are to actively participate in any treatment or counselling programme as directed by your probation officer;			
(e) You are either to be in full-time attendance in an educational institution, or, if not, then you are to seek and maintain employment;			
(f) You are to abstain absolutely from the consumption of alcohol or other intoxicating substances or the consumption of drugs except in accordance with a medical prescription;			
20 (g) You are to comply forthwith with the demand 21 of a police officer to supply a sample of your breath for analysis, and;			
(h) You are to perform 200 hours of community service work during the first 18 months of			
your probation.			
Do you understand those terms, Mr. Kasook? I			
want to hear you say so.			
THE ACCUSED: Yes.			

I want to be perfectly clear that THE COURT: 1 you understand that if you do not follow any of these 2 conditions, that if you commit any other crime while 3 you are on probation, you can be brought back before 4 me, I can change these terms, I can extend the term of Do you understand that? THE ACCUSED: Yes. 7 THE COURT: All right. You may sit down. 8 Under the circumstances, there will be no victim 9 of crime fine surcharge. 10 An order will issue for the taking of a DNA 11 sample from the offender. Crown counsel should obtain 12 defence counsel's approval as to form and substance of 13 the formal order prior to submitting it. 14 With respect to a firearm prohibition, I think it 15 is important that this offender be able to continue to 16 participate in family hunting activities. It is 17 important for maintaining his sense of family 18 identification and for the opportunity it provides to 19 his family to give the offender the benefit of their 20 quidance and influence. 21 The Criminal Code makes a firearm prohibition 22 mandatory even where no weapon is used in the 23

The Criminal Code makes a firearm prohibition mandatory even where no weapon is used in the commission of the offence, but I am able to authorize a Chief Firearms Officer to consider issuing an authorization or certificate for the offender to possess or use firearms for the purpose of hunting or

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trapping or employment. So the prohibition order for
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             a period of ten years will issue, but I make an order
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             pursuant to Section 113(1) of the Criminal Code
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             authorizing the Chief Firearms Officer to issue to the
             offender a certificate notwithstanding the prohibition
             order.
                  Now, Counsel, have I covered all of the necessary
             bases, or is there anything else that I need to
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             consider? Miss Schmaltz?
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         MS. SCHMALTZ:
                                  Just to clarify, Sir, in doing up
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             the order, the firearms prohibition order. So the
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             exception is Section 113(1)(a)?
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         THE COURT:
                                  Yes, I believe that's the
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             specific provision.
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         MS. SCHMALTZ:
                                  Just to do up the order.
                                                             That's
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             all from the Crown, sir.
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         THE COURT CLERK:
                                 Beginning today and continuing
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             ten years from release?
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        THE COURT:
                                  The prohibition order in the
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            usual terms should commence today and continue for ten
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            years from the date of his release from the sentence.
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        MS. SCHMALTZ:
                                  And I believe Mr. MacFarlane said
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            he didn't have any weapons.
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        THE COURT:
                                  Well, I think you can put into
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            the formal order the usual provision requiring him to
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            surrender any weapons that he owns to the RCMP
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            forthwith.
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1	MS.	SCHMALTZ:	Thank you.
2	MR.	MACFARLANE:	Yes, I can confirm that
3		Mr. Kasook does no	t have, possess or own, doesn't own
4		any firearms, and	I'd have no other comments, Your
5		Honour.	
6	THE	COURT:	All right. Counsel, I ask that
7		you speak with the	clerk and see what will be the best
8		way to arrange for	Mr. Kasook to sign the probation
9		order. He may as w	well sign it while we're here in
10		Inuvik. It may be	necessary to bring him back at some
11		later time. Madam	Clerk, as well, I ask that you send
12		a copy of the trans	script of my sentencing reasons to
13		the correctional au	uthorities for their information.
14	THE	COURT CLERK:	Thank you, Your Honour.
15	THE	COURT:	Thank you, Counsel.
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18			Certified Pursuant to Rule 723 of the Rules of Court
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20			Jane Romanowich, CSR(A)
21			Court Reporter
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