R. v. Smith, 2000 NWTSC 44

CR 03866

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE NORTHWEST TERRITORIES

IN THE MATTER OF:

HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN

- and -

FRANKIE JAMES SMITH

Transcript of Reasons for Sentence (Oral) delivered by Justice J. E. Richard, in Yellowknife, in the Northwest Territories, on the 23rd day of June, A.D. 2000.

APPEARANCES:

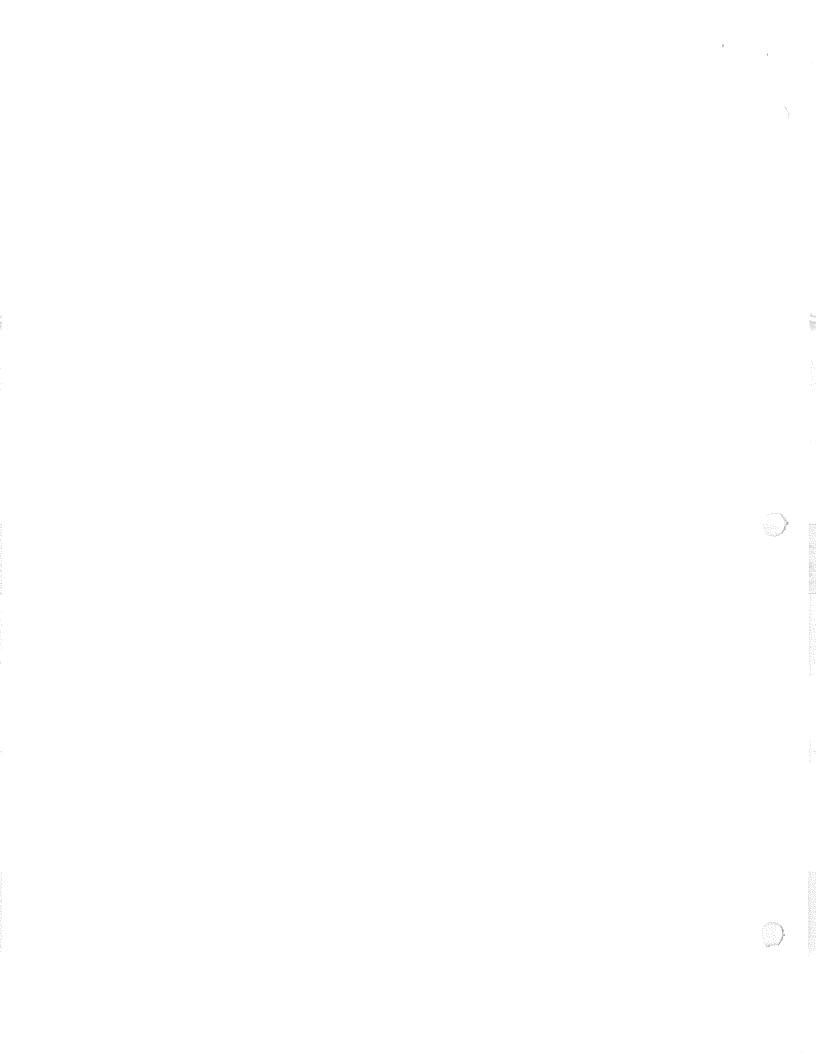
MR. M. SCRIVENS:

On behalf of the Crown

MR. J. BRYDON:

On behalf of the Defence

Charges under ss. 239(b) C.C. and 267(a) C.C.



1 THE COURT: Frankie James Smith has entered an 2 early guilty plea to very serious criminal charges 3 arising out of his violent acts on March 7th, 2000, here in the city. Mr. Smith is an aboriginal person 4 5 from the community of Fort McPherson. I am told that 6 he was raised in a dysfunctional family environment 7 characterized by domestic violence and alcoholism. He 8 lost his mother when he was nine years of age. He has 9 a grade nine formal education and a sporadic 10 employment record. Although he is just a few days shy 11 of his 28th birthday, he has accumulated a lengthy 12 record of more than 20 Criminal Code convictions. A 13 lot of those convictions are for damage to property and breach of court orders, but included in his past 14 are two assault convictions, two convictions for 15 16 unlawful possession of weapons, and a robbery 17 conviction. He has been sent to jail on ten separate occasions in the past seven years, with the longest 18 19 sentence being ten months. 20 On February 25th of this year, Mr. Smith was 21 released from custody after serving a portion of his 22 sentence for the robbery conviction. Ten days later, he was intoxicated and committed the serious acts of 23

On the evening in question, Mr. Smith was in attendance at a drinking party at a private residence with others, including the victim Wayne Mitchell, aged

24

25

26

27

violence which bring him to court today.

James Smith challenged Mitchell to a fight and then hit Mitchell on the head and face three or four times with a liquor bottle causing a cut on Mitchell's head which did not require sutures. Mitchell went into the bathroom to clean up, and when he came out of the bathroom the offender Frankie James Smith assaulted him again with a knife in the chest area. The cut in the chest was one centimeter long and required one suture to close. The assault on Mitchell apparently occurred at one or two o'clock in the morning.

Later at approximately 3 a.m., the intoxicated Mr. Smith returned to the homeless shelter here in Yellowknife where he had been staying. At this shelter, there was a rule or policy that clientele are not allowed entry if they are intoxicated. The night attendant at the time, one Christopher Ernest Green, heard the drunken Frankie James Smith outside the building, talked to him through a window and refused to let him in due to his intoxication. It being early March in Yellowknife, it was cold outside, approximately minus 30.

Shortly after Mr. Green had refused entry to Mr. Smith, he heard a noise in the basement, and when he went to investigate he saw the offender there who had gained entry through a basement window and who had a knife. Although Mr. Green tried to calm down

Mr. Smith, Mr. Smith stated he was going to kill Mr. Green for having refused him entry. Mr. Smith kept Mr. Green confined there in the basement for the next two hours continually telling him he was going to kill him. Mr. Smith also challenged or baited or invited Mr. Green to pick up a knife that was there and defend himself or to stab him, that is, Mr. Smith. At times Mr. Smith nicked Mr. Green with the knife. After about two hours, it came to a head when the offender heard someone moving around upstairs in the shelter and he said, "That's it, I'm going to kill you." At that point the victim Mr. Green tried to defend himself and to extricate himself from the situation and tried to run upstairs. As he did, the offender stabbed his victim in the back. Both the offender and victim got upstairs where other people came to the assistance of the victim and the police were called.

The offender was apparently cooperative on arrest and all witnesses agree that he was drunk.

The victim Mr. Green received minor stab wounds to the chest, arm and back areas of his body. These were of two centimeters to five centimeters in length and each required two to five sutures to close. The victim Mr. Green is a diabetic and this condition exacerbated his recovery from these injuries.

The offender Mr. Smith waived his right to a

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

preliminary inquiry and when arraigned in this court pleaded guilty to these two charges: Firstly, assaulting the victim Wayne Mitchell with a weapon contrary to section 267 Criminal Code; and, secondly, attempting to murder the victim Christopher Ernest Green contrary to section 239 Criminal Code.

Neither of the victims offered a victim impact statement to the court although given an opportunity to do so.

It goes without saying that these are serious crimes, particularly the attempt murder, and that seriousness must be reflected in the sentence imposed.

Although denunciation and deterrence are important sentencing principles in this case, what is foremost in my mind is the need to protect the public from Mr. Smith's violence. During the past three years in particular, Mr. Smith has shown himself to be a violent person. Mr. Smith, as a violent offender, needs to be separated from society for a meaningful period of time in order to assist him to rehabilitate.

I agree with counsel that any actual motivation that the offender had for self-harm or self-destruction at the time of the incident with Mr. Green is not relevant.

There are a number of aggravating circumstances here. Firstly, the offender was still serving a six-month sentence for robbery when he committed these

crimes. Next, there was additional and gratuituous violence visited upon the first victim, Mr. Mitchell (I'm here referring to the additional assault with a knife). And, finally, there is the fact that the violence perpetrated upon the second victim, Mr. Green, was drawn out over a two-hour period, which must have been a terrifying and traumatic experience for Mr. Green.

On the mitigating side, it is to Mr. Smith's credit that he has from the outset acknowledged his responsibility for these crimes and offered an early guilty plea. I must also give him credit for the three and a half months he has spent in pre-trial custody.

Taking into account all of these factors and the other circumstances of this offence and this offender, in my view a global sentence of five years imprisonment is fit and appropriate and necessary.

Before concluding, I want to say to you,
Mr. Smith, that I was singularly impressed with the
words you spoke in court before the imposition of
sentence. From what you said and the way you said it,
you strike me as a person with more than a grade nine
education. I understood you to say that the
seriousness of these charges and the prospect of a
lengthy penitentiary term has led you to open your
eyes to the kind of life that you have been leading

and the kind of life that you want for yourself in the future. I heard you say that you want to spend your incarceration time focussing on education and spirituality. I heard you say that when you are eventually released, you want to be a contributing member of society in your home community and to teach the young people there not to make the choices that you made in your early adult life.

Mr. Smith, those words you spoke are perhaps the most important aspect of this court case, in my view. I am taking your words as unprompted and genuine. Your words show that your rehabilitation has already started.

I am going to direct the clerk to send a transcript of your statement here in court to your lawyer, Mr. Brydon, and I am going to ask Mr. Brydon to forward it on to you. And I suggest, Mr. Smith, that from time to time while you are serving your sentence, and even after you are released, that you read over your own words that you said here in court. Your own words that you spoke should have more impact on you than anything that I or anyone else could say to you.

Also before concluding, I want to acknowledge the Crown's request that the Court invoke the delayed parole provisions of Section 743.6 Criminal Code.

Upon a careful consideration of that request and the

	1		Crown's submissi	ons in that regard, I find that I am
	2		not satisfied th	at denunciation and deterrence
	3		necessitate such	an order in this case. I find no
	4		articulable reaso	on for making such an order. The
	5		usual parole elic	gibility rules should apply for this
	6		offender.	
	7		Please stand	d now, Mr. Smith.
	8		Frankie Jame	es Smith, on Count 1, assault with a
	9		weapon, I sentend	ce you to a term of imprisonment of
	10		one year. On Cou	unt 3, attempted murder, I sentence
	11		you to four years	s imprisonment consecutive. That's a
	12		global sentence of	of five years. In addition, there
	13	will be the usual firearms prohibition order for a		
	14		period of ten year	rs pursuant to Section 109 Criminal
	15	Code, and in the circumstances there will be no victim		
	16	fine surcharge.		
	17	You may sit down.		
	18		Anything els	e on this case, counsel?
	19	MR.	SCRIVENS:	No, My Lord.
	20	MR.	BRYDON:	No, My Lord.
1	21	THE	COURT:	Fine, we'll adjourn until three.
2	22	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••		
4	23			Certified pursuant to Practice Direction #20 dated December 18,
â	24			1987.
2	25			
2	26			Annette Wright, RPR, CSR(A)
2	27			Court Reporter