R. v. Abel, 2000 NWTSC 42

CR 03830

# IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE NORTHWEST TERRITORIES

### IN THE MATTER OF:

#### HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN

- vs. -



#### LEE BRUNO ABEL

Transcript of the Oral Reasons for Sentence by The Honourable Justice J.E. Richard, at Yellowknife in the Northwest Territories, on Tuesday, June 6th A.D., 2000.

## APPEARANCES:

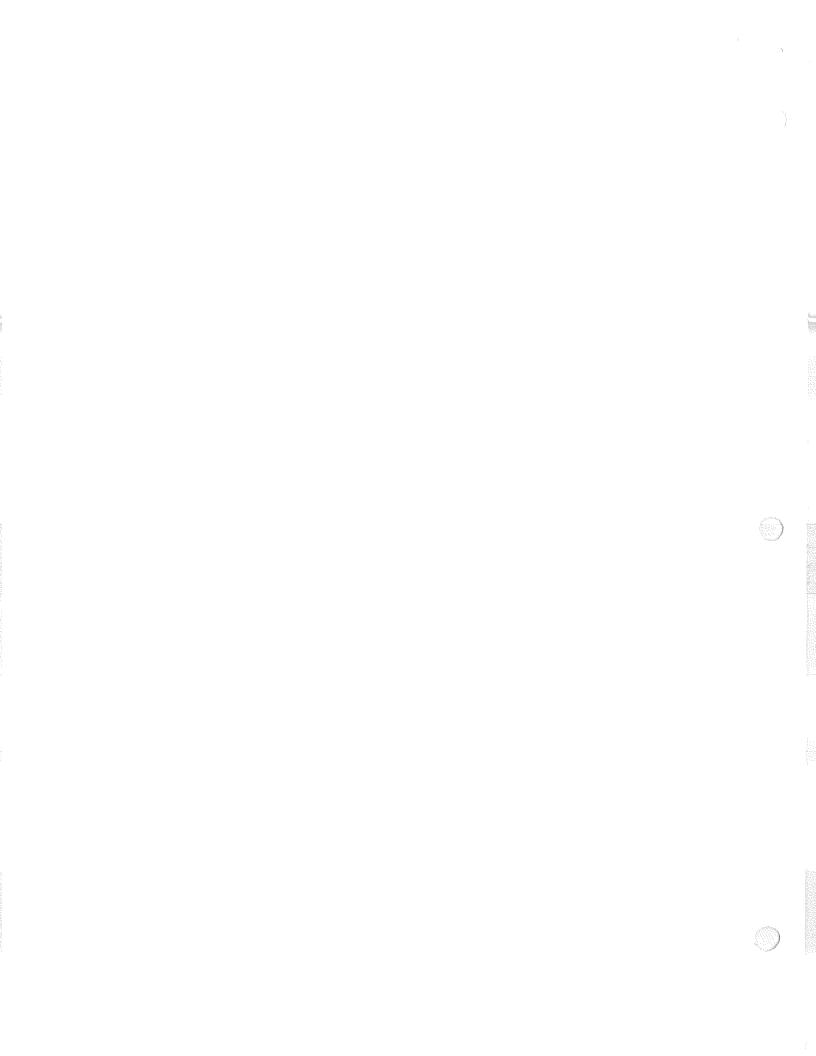
Ms. S. Kendall:

Counsel for the Crown

Mr. J. Posynick:

Counsel for the Accused

Charge under s. 267(a) Criminal Code of Canada



THE COURT: Mr. Lee Bruno Abel has been convicted by a jury of the criminal offence of assault with a weapon contrary to Section 267 of the Criminal Code. This offence is punishable by up to ten years in a federal penitentiary.

I am told that this offender, Mr. Abel, is 29 years of age and that he is a lifelong resident of Yellowknife. I am also told, and I am satisfied, that he indeed did have a sad and dysfunctional upbringing. He has apparently a Grade 8 formal education and has had, over the years, seasonal employment in the mining business and in the construction industry.

Mr. Abel is not a stranger to the courtroom and his criminal record, although dated and limited, can be summarized as follows: 1989, theft conviction and failing to attend court. Later in 1989, possession of stolen property, theft, and over 80. 1991, common assault upon a female acquaintance and also fail to comply with a probation order. 1993, another theft conviction and another common assault conviction.

At the time of the commission of his crime for which he is being sentenced today, the offender was living in a common-law relationship with Mary Rose Koyina, a woman of 42 years of age, in a home in N'dilo. That relationship had existed for a matter

of months.

On the day in question in September 1999, there was a drinking party happening at Mr. Abel's home in N'dilo. I am satisfied from the trial evidence that both victim and offender were intoxicated to a degree.

After Mr. Abel told all of the other visitors to leave the house, Mr. Abel and Ms. Koyina got into an argument. Mr. Abel accused Ms. Koyina of "fooling around" on him. He took a knife and started waving it in her face, threatening to disfigure her so that she would not be attractive to other men. Ms. Koyina raised her hands to protect her face and in the course of this, she received a knife slash to her wrist.

I am also satisfied by the trial evidence that in the course of the domestic dispute, he kicked her and he struck her on the face.

Ms. Koyina was bleeding from the knife wound and left the house on her own and went to the hospital for treatment for her wound. The police were called to the hospital and one of the police officers spoke to her in the emergency department at the hospital. The officer noted her injuries and then left as she was awaiting medical treatment. Although the wound was cleaned by nurses, apparently Ms. Koyina left the hospital voluntarily because of

her impatience and the wound was not sutured.

Two days later, the police located Ms. Koyina and took her to the detachment for an interview. The interview was videotaped and in that interview she told the police the details of Mr. Abel's assault on her with the knife. Mr. Abel was later arrested and charged.

At trial, Ms. Koyina recanted her statement to the police and instead told the jury a preposterous story of how she came to get the wound accidentally in Mr. Abel's home. In addition to her trial story, the jury saw and heard the videotaped statement to the police and, of course, believed the earlier version and convicted Mr. Abel.

In my view, this is a very serious case of domestic violence and the sentence imposed must reflect that. It is not a case where the passing of sentence should be suspended or the offender merely placed under the terms of a probation order.

Although Mr. Abel today sincerely says that he is sorry, I am compelled to state that this is a change from my close observations of him during the trial. One wonders what kind of man could sit there a few feet away from the witness box and show no concern whatsoever, so far as I could tell from my observations of him, sit there a few feet away from the victim Ms. Koyina as she so obviously perjured

herself, putting herself in serious legal jeopardy, presumably for Mr. Abel's sole benefit. I conclude that it is only an individual who is indeed ill and in need of treatment who could be like that.

By his own admission, Mr. Abel has a serious problem with alcohol abuse. In addition, in my layman's view, he is in denial of reality and he needs counselling and treatment. In my view, his period of incarceration must be such as would enable him to receive some long-term treatment otherwise he is bound to reoffend just as surely as night follows day.

Here in the courts, we see the pattern all too often, and I am speaking here particularly of spousal violence. Ms. Koyina, other women, the public, need to be protected from an offender such as Mr. Abel until he seeks and receives treatment.

I do note this offender has served seven months of pre-trial custody and I do take that into account in the determination of the sentence. I also acknowledge that Mr. Abel is an aboriginal person and I take his personal circumstances in that regard into consideration.

I repeat that I am not satisfied that this is an appropriate case for a noncustodial sentence for, in my view, to impose a probation order only would be inconsistent with the fundamental purpose and the

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| 1  | principles of sentencing and in this regard, I shall |
|----|--|
| 2  | simply quote a portion of Section 718 of the         |
| 3  | Criminal Code prescribed by Parliament.              |
| 4  | It reads,  |
| 5  | The fundamental purpose of                           |
| 6  | sentencing is to contribute to                       |
| 7  | respect for the law and to the                       |
| 8  | maintenance of a just, peaceful,                     |
| 9  | and safe society by imposing                         |
| 10 | just sanctions that have one or                      |
| 11 | more of the following                                |
| 12 | objectives: to denounce                              |
| 13 | unlawful conduct, to deter the                       |
| 14 | offender and other persons from                      |
| 15 | committing offences, to separate                     |
| 16 | offenders from society where                         |
| 17 | necessary, to assist in                              |
| 18 | rehabilitating offenders, and to                     |
| 19 | promote a sense of                                   |
| 20 | responsibility in offenders and                      |
| 21 | an acknowledgment of the harm                        |
| 22 | done to victims and to the                           |
| 23 | community.   |
| 24 | A meaningful period of incarceration, further        |
| 25 | incarceration, is required for the reasons that I    |
| 26 | have mentioned.                                      |
| 27 | Would you please stand now, Mr. Abel.                |

| 1  |     | Lee Bruno Abel, for the crime that you have                |
|----|-----|--|
| 2  |     | committed, committing an assault on Mary Rose Koyina       |
| 3  |     | with a knife contrary to Section 267 of the Criminal       |
| 4  |     | Code, it is the sentence of this Court that you be         |
| 5  |     | imprisoned for a period of 12 months.                      |
| 6  |     | In addition, as I am required by law to do so,             |
| 7  |     | I make a ten year firearm prohibition order pursuant       |
| 8  |     | to Section 109(1) of the Criminal Code.                    |
| 9  |     | In the circumstances of Mr. Abel, there will be            |
| 10 |     | no Victim Fine surcharge.                                  |
| 11 |     | You can sit down, sir.                                     |
| 12 |     | Is there anything further on this case,                    |
| 13 |     | counsel?   |
| 14 | MS. | KENDALL: No, thank you, My Lord.                           |
| 15 | MR. | POSYNICK: No, thank you, My Lord.                          |
| 16 | THE | COURT: Fine, we will close court until 9                   |
| 17 |     | a.m.   |
| 18 | (AD | JOURNMENT)   |
| 19 | (AT | WHICH TIME THE ORAL REASONS FOR SENTENCE CONCLUDED)        |
| 20 |     | Certified pursuant to Rule 723 of the Supreme Court Rules. |
| 21 |     |  |
| 22 |     |  |
| 23 |     |  |
| 24 |     | Mewitt   |
| 25 |     | Lois Hewitt,<br>Court Reporter                             |
| 26 |     | to a common of the company.                                |
| 27 |     |  |