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CR 03510

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE NORTHWEST TERRITORIES

BETWEEN:

HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN

- and -

MOHAMUD HADI-SALIM HASSAN

CR 03511

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE NORTHWEST TERRITORIES B E T W E E N:

HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN

- and-

HUSSEN MAHAMUD ALASOW

Transcript of the Oral Reasons for Sentence by The Honourable Justice P. Chrumka at Yellowknife in the Northwest Territories, on Thursday, April 30th A.D., 1998.

APPEARANCES:

Mr. D. McWhinnie:

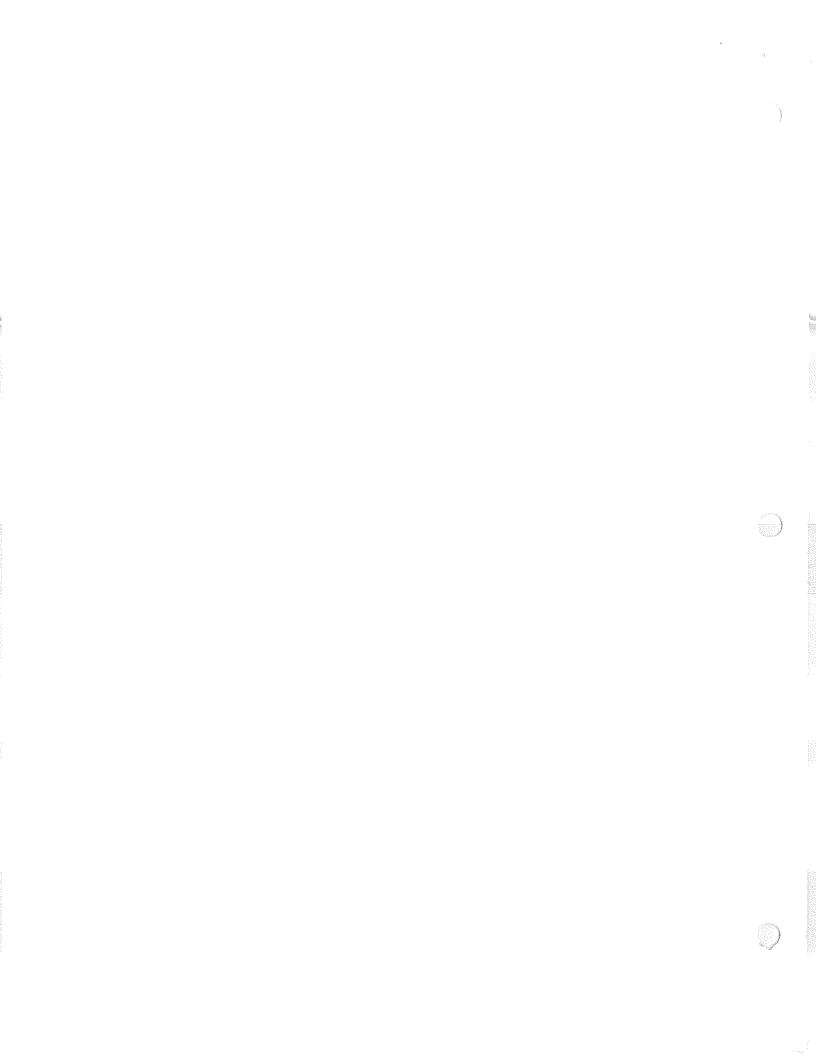
Counsel for the Crown

Mr. J. Brydon:

Counsel for the Accused Hassan

Ms. J. Mercredi:

Counsel for the Accused Alasow



THE COURT: With respect to sentence, the

Criminal Code has recently been amended to codify what

are the principles and purposes of sentencing. Six of

the matters were referred to by -- sorry, pardon me,

six matters were referred as purposes by counsel.

Section 718 of the Criminal Code provides that the fundamental purpose of sentencing is to contribute along with crime prevention initiatives to respect for the law and maintenance of a just, peaceful, and safe society by imposing just sanctions that have one or more of the following objectives:

To denounce unlawful conduct, to deter the offender and others from committing offences, to separate the offender from society, to assist in rehabilitating, to provide reparations for harm done, to promote a sense of responsibility in offenders and an acknowledgment of the harm done to victims and to the community.

One that is the fundamental principle, however, is that a sentence must be proportionate to the gravity of the offence and the degree of responsibility of the offender.

One considers here, what is the gravity of this particular offence?

It involved the theft of telecommunication -pardon me, use of a telecommunications wire and a
possible loss of revenue to a company.

It is a serious matter. It is serious because it has an affect on other subscribers because these type of matters have to be investigated and much time is required to properly investigate them and to prevent those who are industrious in crime to continue with this type of crime. But it is not the most serious offence in the Criminal Code even though the maximum penalty for this theft is ten years. There are thefts which have the same maximum which are far more serious and have far more serious consequences so I must keep in mind the gravity of the offence and the degree of responsibility of the offender.

The offender in this case was the initiator, both of them were initiators. They put the fraud into effect once they discovered the flaw.

The other sentencing principles that are referred to in Section 718.2 are relevant and in particular, one which is subsection (d),

An offender should not be deprived of liberty if less restrictive sanctions may be appropriate in the circumstances.

It is always an extremely serious matter to sentence an accused to imprisonment. To deprive a person of one's liberty is a very serious matter and serious considerations should be given to the nature of sentence, the type of sentence to be imposed, and those should all be ruled out before you impose a sentence of

imprisonment.

I will deal with Mr. Hassan first because what was said about him was said last.

The offence was committed over a brief period of time, 12 days, or 14 days, if my mathematics are correct, inclusive of the first and last days. The amount of loss, at a maximum, is \$33,569.86.

From Mr. St-Laurent's evidence, it could not be separated -- or the calls made on the fax line could not be separated from the calls made on the telephone line. There were problems of identifying whether the calls were only made on one line or whether they were made on both or made on the other line. Therefore I take up the accused when he says that it is his responsibility to pay for all of them and if there is collecting to be done, he can collect from the others unknown to me who were involved in this same matter.

I have considered whether or not he should be detained, whether -- that is incarcerated, pardon me, whether that is an appropriate sentence or whether a less severe sentence is appropriate.

I feel that this case does not call for him to lose his liberty even for a period of six months. But it does call for restitution to be made and therefore I suspend the passing of sentence for a period of two years. Mr. Hassan will be obliged to comply with the conditions prescribed in a probation order for that

1 period of time.

One of the conditions is that he maintain lawful employment; that he notify the probation officer of his address, telephone number, and change thereof; and he will not leave this jurisdiction without the consent of the probation officer or until that term of the order is varied; that he will do community service in the amount of 100 hours to be determined between himself, the community in which he will work, and the probation officer; that he will report to the probation officer within one week of today; and that he will make restitution in the sum of \$33,569.86 to NorthwesTel Communications Incorporated at their office here.

14 MR. BRYDON: If I might interrupt you.

15 THE COURT: Yes?

16 MR. BRYDON: The usual practice here is to make 17 it by way of the Court trust account so that the Court

can be sure --

THE COURT:

-- all right, one of the reasons
that I said that because sometimes the clerk objects.

He will pay it into court, that is fine. He can pay it
periodically or he can pay it in one lump sum.

If the terms of this probation order are breached in any way, Mr. Hassan, you can be brought back before me and you can be sentenced. I can review the sentence, the suspended sentence, and I can sentence you to any sentence that I could impose now, which

would include imprisonment, or I can vary the terms of 1 2 the probation. 3 Also, if you breach the terms of this probation order in any way, you can be charged with breach of 4 probation and sentenced to up to six months. 5 A copy of the order will be given to you and read to you before you leave and you will sign it before you 8 go. 9 With respect to Mr. Alasow, it's a little more complicated. He is no position to make restitution, I 10 11 understand. He has limited knowledge of English. 12 Does he speak French, one of the other official 13 languages? THE ACCUSED: (through Interpreter) 14 No. 15 THE COURT: How did he get his citizenship if he can't communicate? 16 17 THE ACCUSED: (through Interpreter) I can understand a 18 little bit. THE COURT: 19 I see. They were going to take my 20 citizenship away because I can't speak well enough. 21 I don't think that I should be ordering a more severe sentence in his case than I do with respect to 22 23 Mr. Hassan. 24 In his case I also suspend the passing of sentence 25 for two years and direct that he comply with the conditions prescribed in a probation order. 26 The probation order, he will report within two 27

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weeks of today to the probation officer in Edmonton,
1
           Alberta, and the conditions will be exactly the same.
           That he keep the peace and be of good behaviour; that
 3
           he maintain legal employment, lawful employment; that
           he notify the probation officer of his address and
           telephone number and any change thereof; and that he
           not leave the province of Alberta without the consent
 7
           of the probation officer. Further, he will make
           restitution within two years in the sum of $24,843.54
 9
           payable to the Clerk of the Court in Edmonton. That is
10
11
           where you live, is it, Mr. Alasow?
                                (nods in the affirmative).
       THE ACCUSED:
12
       THE COURT:
                               He lives in Edmonton?
13
       THE ACCUSED: (through Interpreter)
                                               Yes.
14
                               And he is going back to Edmonton?
15
       THE COURT:
       THE ACCUSED: (through Interpreter)
                                               Yes.
16
       THE COURT:
                               I appreciate the problem that the
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           restitution order makes, that it can be regarded as a
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           breach of probation if he doesn't pay it but I will
19
           order it in the event that he somehow comes up with the
20
          money or makes an agreement with the corporation to pay
21
22
           less or makes an agreement to pay over a longer period
           of time. But I would leave that term be there but it
23
           can be varied upon -- probably best if there is
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25
           negotiations with NorthwesTel Communications.
           Similarly with your client too, Mr. Brydon.
26
       MR. BRYDON:
                               Thank you, My Lord.
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1 THE COURT: Mr. Alasow, I must also advise you that if you breach the terms of this probation order by 2 committing another offence or by not abiding by its 3 terms, you can be brought back before me and I can 4 5 sentence you to any sentence that can be imposed at this time. That's imprisonment up to ten years, the 6 7 maximum, or you can charged with breach of probation and sentenced to imprisonment of up to six months. I am 8 not suggesting that you would ever be sentenced to ten 9 years for this but that's the maximum. 10 You will also sign the order before you are 11 released today and a copy of it will be given to you, 12 and I would ask if it could be explained to him, 13 14 please. 15 Is there anything else? MR. McWHINNIE: 16 I don't know, My Lord, whether you specified it, I don't recall on <u>Hassan</u> you specified a 17 date by which he must pay the restitution by? 18 19 THE COURT: Within the two years. I should say within 23 months. In each case within 23 months so 20 21 that proceedings can be instituted before the sentence 22 expires. 23 MR. McWHINNIE: Thank you, you anticipated my next --THE COURT: -- there will be no Victim Fine 24 25 surcharge with respect to either accused. 26 MR. McWHINNIE: I believe that completes the 27 matter.

1	THE COURT:	Thank you, we will adjourn then.
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4		Certified pursuant to Practice Direction #20 dated December 28, 1987.
5		Direction #20 dated December 28, 1987.
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7		1 Jacob
8		Lois Hewitt,
9		Court Reporter
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