SC CR 95 03

CR 02795

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE NORTHWEST TERRIT

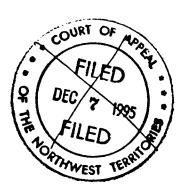
IN THE MATTER OF:





HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN

- vs. -



J M

Transcript of the Voir Dire Rulings delivered by The Honourable Mr. Justice J. E. Richard, at Fort Smith in the Northwest Territories, on Tuesday, November 28th, 1995.

## APPEARANCES:

MR. D. CLAXTON:

Counsel for the Crown

MR. D. CROSSIN:

Counsel for the Accused

MR. D. McKAY:

(CHARGED UNDER s. 231(2) CRIMINAL CODE OF CANADA)

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(CHARGED UNDER s. 148 CRIMINAL CODE OF CANADA)

(CHARGED UNDER s. 156 CRIMINAL CODE OF CANADA)

AN ORDER HAS BEEN MADE IN THIS CASE PROHIBITING PUBLICATION OF ANY INFORMATION THAT COULD DISCLOSE THE IDENTITY OF CERTAIN COMPLAINANTS PURSUANT TO s. 486(3) OF THE CRIMINAL CODE

THE COURT: At this time, I wish to give counsel my ruling on the second of the four issues which were raised by Crown counsel yesterday.

Crown counsel, Mr. Claxton, sought a ruling on whether any of the four complainants can testify of acts which were perpetrated by the accused other than the specific unlawful acts that are alleged in the indictment document.

I find, upon reviewing my notes of the submissions made by counsel and upon reviewing the portions of the transcript referred to by counsel, that counsel are in the end result not that far apart on this issue.

With respect to the proposed testimony of R

M., Mr. Claxton made reference to six specific excerpts from Ms. M. 's testimony at the preliminary inquiry.

Mr. Crossin, in his response, only has difficulty with respect to three of those excerpts; that is, two excerpts at pages 29 and 30 concerning participation in masturbation, and one excerpt at page 16 regarding the first incident in Fort Smith which amounted to sexual touching only.

In the context of the proposed evidence, as it has been outlined to me, I rule that the initial sexual touching incident and the masturbation references are admissible evidence at the option of the Crown.

As I understand it, this complainant R

M 's evidence, in support of the criminal charge in Count No. 3 in the indictment, is a story of sexual abuse at the hands of her father over a considerable period of time.

In my view, that story of sexual abuse includes the initial sexual touching incident and the masturbation references and it also of course includes the incidents of rape that form the formal part of Count No. 3.

In my view, the triers of fact should be given the complete story and not a portion of it. I see no prejudice to the accused in allowing the witness to tell the jury the complete story of sexual abuse rather than only a portion of it.

Flowing from that, as the witness L K
was apparently an eyewitness to the initial sexual
touching incident, there is no question but that her
testimony on that point would be admissible.

I do not hear defence counsel object to any of the other aspects of L  $\,$  K  $\,$  's proposed testimony nor any of the proposed testimony of the complainants  $\,$  M  $\,$  M  $\,$  and R  $\,$  M  $\,$  .

According to my notes then, that disposes of the second issue raised by Mr. Claxton yesterday.

I turn now to the issue of the admissibility of the photographs marked as Exhibits A, B, and C for identification. These are photographs of the three

complainants R M , M M , and R

M. as children; photographs of them at an age as they were in the allegations in Counts 3, 4, and 5 in the indictment.

Crown counsel wishes to put the photographs to each of these complainants and have each confirm that it is a photo of himself or herself at that particular time.

Crown counsel submits that these photographs will enable the jury to see that the complainant was indeed a child and had all of the appearances of a child at the time in question.

Defence counsel objects to these photographs being introduced into evidence.

Upon reflection, I find that the Crown have not established the relevance of this proposed evidence.

These photos are not probative of any fact in issue in this case, as I understand the position of the parties.

The age of the complainants at any point in time is not in issue. Nor are these photographs proof of any fact which is relevant to anything else which is in issue in this case.

There is some risk, albeit minimal, that these photographs will arouse sympathy in the minds of the jurors and will thus distract the jury from the task at hand.

I therefore rule that the photographs as tendered

1	are inadmissible.
2	Now, gentlemen, is there any clarification
3	required?
4	MR. CLAXTON: Not from the Crown, My Lord.
<b>`5</b>	MR. CROSSIN: No, My Lord, thank you.
6	THE COURT: Now, we have got some dead time until
7	1:30 but that can't be helped.
8	MR. CLAXTON: There is a matter that I would like
9	discussed with Your Lordship in chambers perhaps first
10	and you may want to return to the court to put it on
11	the record, I am not sure. But I have discussed it
12	with my friends and we are prepared to meet with you.
13	THE COURT: Fine, then we will formally adjourn
14	until 1:30, Madam Clerk, but we will reconvene at the
15	request of counsel if necessary.
16	(AT WHICH TIME THE VOIR DIRE CONCLUDED)
17	(
18	Certified Pursuant to Practice Direction #20 dated December 28, 1987.
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21	
22	Lois Hewitt.
23	Court Reporter
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