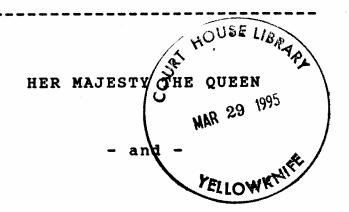
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IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE NORTHWEST TERRITORIES



SIMEONI NATSECK

Reasons for Sentence given by The Honourable Mr. Justice J.E. Richard, at Repulse Bay, Northwest Territories, on the 4th day of May A.D. 1994

APPEARANCES:

A.R. Regel, Esq.,D. Blais, Esq.,Cheryl Mendryk, Ms.,

Appeared for the Crown
Appeared for the Defence
Court Reporter

FILED

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(Charged under Section 268 and 271 of the Criminal Code)

THE COURT: I'm going to have the Court interpreter translate consecutively into Inuktitut for the benefit of the members of the community that are present.

Simeoni Natseck is before the Court this morning to be sentenced by the Court for a serious crime that he committed against a member of this community.

Last night a jury of 12 citizens of this community found Simeoni Natseck guilty of the aggravated assault and the sexual assault of a 24-year old woman, a woman who was a friend of Simeoni Natseck and his wife, Abbie Natseck.

The victim told the jury that one evening in December 1992 she was at the Natseck residence and was drinking there with Simeoni Natseck and his wife. She said that Mr. Natseck got angry with her when she resisted his advances and that he punched her on the face several times.

At one point he was also choking her. He then ordered her to go to his bedroom, and once there, he told her to remove her clothes. When she resisted removing her clothes, he hit her again, and she then complied with his wishes. She said Simeoni Natseck then had sex with her without her consent.

She also said that when Mr. Natseck's wife,

Abbie, came into the bedroom, that Mr. Natseck ordered his wife to undress and join him in bed. Mrs. Natseck did so, and the victim says that she was then forced to stay in the bed while Mr. Natseck had sex alternately with her and with his wife.

By their verdict, a jury obviously believed the victim's testimony, and in my view, the jury was correct to do so. She gave very credible testimony, and there was no reason for the jury not to believe her.

Mr. Natseck did not testify at his trial.

His wife testified and told the jury that she was too intoxicated to remember what happened.

The victim received medical treatment from the nurse at the nursing station. Stitches were required to close the wounds on her forehead, her nose, and her lip. Also, she was required to travel to Churchill and undergo plastic surgery on her nose. The victim still has nightmares from time to time about this incident, and she continues to live in fear of the offender.

Both sexual assault and aggravated assault are considered to be very serious criminal offences, and the law provides that the maximum sentence to be imposed for these crimes are 10 years and 14 years in a federal penitentiary in

southern Canada.

The offender here, Simeoni Natseck, is 39
years of age now and is married with five
children. He has a formal Grade 7 education, but
he has received much other training through
courses and seminars. He has a great number of
accomplishments in his life in different fields,
and I am told that he was, in fact, mayor of this
community at one point in the past.

He is a skilled guide and a trainer of guides. He has used a firearm most of his life to provide sustenance for his family and to follow the traditional pursuits of the Inuit on the land. For these reasons, and for those mentioned in Section 100 of the Criminal Code, I am satisfied by the offender here that this is not a case where I should make any firearms prohibition order.

Mr. Natseck has a prior criminal record as follows: in November 1989 he was convicted of assault causing bodily harm and was fined \$800. In July 1992, here in Repulse Bay, he was convicted of assault and fined \$1,000. I am told that both victims of those prior assaults were women and that both crimes were committed at a time when Mr. Natseck had been consuming alcohol.

I do not enjoy sending people to jail,

Natseck, who has the intelligence and the ability to continue to be a contributing member of this community as he has been in the past. But in my view, a substantial penitentiary term is required in this case because of this terrible terrible thing that he did to this young woman.

He displayed a contemptuous disregard for her personal feelings. He showed a singular lack of respect for her as another human being. He treated her like a cruel, cruel person might treat an animal.

Natseck to jail merely for the sake of punishing them. The purpose of the Court's sentence is to protect the public, to protect the members of the community, to protect other young women. The Court's sentence must send a message, a strong message, and not just to Simeoni Natseck, but also to other men in the community, a message that they cannot conduct themselves in this way towards a woman or else they too will be taken out of the community, away from their families and friends, to a prison or institution many hundreds or thousands of miles away from Repulse Bay for a substantial period of their life.

The Court's sentence must also show that our

Bay in particular, denounces or condemns this kind of criminal behavior or violent behavior as unacceptable to the people here, and that this kind of behavior or conduct is not wanted here in Repulse Bay.

Until this morning during his sentencing hearing, Mr. Natseck did not appear to have shown any remorse or concern for the serious crime that he's committed. Mr. Natseck is an articulate person in both languages, and he explained that he has not said anything to anyone in the community up until now because of legal advice that he received that he should not talk to anyone about this while the charges were pending. As he points out, this silence is contrary to the traditional Inuit way, which is to talk openly about a problem until there is a resolution of the problem by the community.

It appears to me that this observation of Mr. Natseck points out again the need for there to be some coordination and cooperation by everyone in reforming the criminal law process to take into account the traditional ways and values of the Inuit, as well as modern Canadian values. The key to this, in my view, is the early involvement of the community whenever someone in the community

commits a crime in the community, especially a serious crime, such as happened here. community gets involved at an early stage, perhaps we would then not be dealing with a case like this one some 16 or 17 months after the fact.

In any event, I do note that Mr. Natseck this morning has told the community that he accepts the decision of the jury and that he holds no grudge against the members of the jury or against the victim in this case. And Mr. Natseck has urged the community not to hold any grudge against the victim for having come forward.

In the final analysis, however, I must carry out my responsibility and impose an appropriate sentence which must be a lengthy period of incarceration for the reasons that I've mentioned.

Please stand now, Mr. Natseck. Mr. Natseck, for the crimes that you have committed on Count number 1, for the aggravated assault of Irene Katorka, it is the sentence of this Court that you be imprisoned for a period of two years.

And on Count number 2, the sexual assault of Irene Katorka, it is the sentence of this Court that you be imprisoned for a period of five years, concurrent to the sentence on Count number 1.

Because you will be incarcerated for the

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foreseeable future, I decline to impose any victim fine surcharge. I will have the Clerk endorse the warrant of committal that takes you to jail with this Court's recommendation that you be permitted to serve your sentence at a facility within the Northwest Territories. Please sit down, now, sir.

Counsel, is there anything else required with Mr. Natseck's case?

MR. REGEL:

Not that I'm aware of, My

Lord.

MR. BLAIS:

No, My Lord.

THE COURT:

Then we will close Court.

(SENTENCING CONCLUDED)

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I, Cheryl Mendryk, C.S.R.(A), hereby certify that I attended the above Proceedings and took faithful and accurate shorthand notes and the foregoing is a true and accurate transcript of my shorthand notes to the best of my skill and ability.

Dated at the City of Calgary, Province of Alberta, this 7th day of June, A.D. 1994.

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Cheryl Mendryk, Ms. Court Reporter.