14-2821. A	aiding or abetting accessory to felony mur	der.'
The defendant		(name of defendant) may be
found guilty of felony murder [as charged in Count], ² even though the
	did not commit the murder if the state proves	
	doubt each of the following elements:	, ,
	The defendant	(name of defendant)
intended that	at another person commit the felony of	,
(name of fe	·	
`	Another person committed [or] [attempted]	the felony of
		r circumstances or in a manner
dangerous	to human life]; ³	
-	The defendant	(name of defendant)
	couraged, or caused the felony of	
	lony) to be committed [or attempted];	
` 4.	2,	ssion] of the felony
	(name of deceased	
5.	·	
helped, end	couraged, or caused5 the killing to be committ	
•	The defendant	
	e killing to occur or knew that the defendant v	
	of death or great bodily harm; and	1 0
	This happened in New Mexico on or about	the day of
	· · ·	
	·	
	LICE NOTES	

USE NOTES

- 1. For use if the evidence supports liability as an aider or abettor or coconspirator regardless of whether conspiracy is charged, for felony murder.
- 2. Insert the count number to which this instruction is applicable if more than one count is submitted to the jury on any theory.
 - 3. Use applicable alternatives.
- 4. The essential elements of this felony or these felonies must also be given unless they are otherwise covered by the instructions. To instruct on the elements of an uncharged offense, UJI 14-140 NMRA must be used.
- 5. UJI 14-251 NMRA must also be used if causation is in issue. [As amended, effective March 15, 1995; as amended by Supreme Court Order No. 17-8300-012, effective for all cases pending or filed on or after December 31, 2017; as amended by Supreme Court Order No. 20-8300-004, effective for all cases pending or filed on or after December 31, 2020.]